

Holidays.

(3) In reckoning time for the purpose of this Act, a holiday as defined by The Interpretation Act, shall be excluded from the computation when the time is eight days or any shorter period, and shall be included in the computation when the time is any longer than eight days.

Computing time.

(4) In computing the time from or after the happening of an event within which according to this Act something may or shall be done, or the converse, the day on which the event happened shall be excluded.

Power of appointment includes power to terminate.

(5) The power to appoint an officer or employee of the city or a member of a committee, commission or other body, includes the power

(a) of removing or suspending him;

(b) of reappointing or reinstating him;

(c) of appointing another in his stead or to act in his stead; and

(d) of fixing and authorizing the payment of his remuneration and varying or terminating it;

in the discretion of the council, subject to any provision of this act or The Municipal Act requiring notice.

Conflict of by-law with statute.

3. A by-law passed under this Act that conflicts with any statute of the province or any regulation passed thereunder shall be invalid to the extent that it so conflicts.

#### INCORPORATION

City of Kildonan incorporated.

4. (1) The inhabitants of the area heretofore incorporated as the Rural Municipality of East Kildonan, shall continue to be a body corporate and shall be a city with the name: "The City of East Kildonan"; and shall have all rights, and be subject to all the liabilities of a corporation, and especially may acquire, hold, and alienate both real and personal estate for all municipal purposes; and by the same name it and its successors shall have perpetual succession; and it may sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto, in all courts and in all actions, causes and suits at law, and in equity whatsoever; and it shall have a common seal, with power to alter and modify it at its will and pleasure.

Seal.

Powers as to property and contracts.

(2) The corporation shall be in law capable of receiving by donation, acquiring, holding, disposing of and conveying any property, real or personal, for the use of the corporation,