

East Kildonan Council History 1930 – 1939

January 1930 – Reeve D. J. Allan, Councillors George Kennemore, J. A. Pearn, G. J. Pike and J. Worley

January 1930 – Mrs. A. Kessler of 271 Dunrobin Avenue complains that a dog had broken in her stable and killed a number of her chickens.

January 1930 – Council is informed that the tax receipts for 1929 had been \$211,251.46 as compared to \$195,151.87 for 1928.

January 1930 – The total value of new buildings constructed in East Kildonan in 1929 was \$355,036.00.

January 1930 – Mr. William Anderson of 770 Moncton is appointed a collector of Municipal water accounts.

January 1930 – The Lowery Brothers are given an option to purchase all the lots in Rossmere Grove owned by East Kildonan. The purchase price of all the lots is \$6,700.00.

January 1930 – The cost of removing snow and ice on Henderson Highway from the southern boundary to Bronx is \$190.00 after each clearing.

January 1930 – A stone was driven the plate glass window of a store at 679 Henderson Highway run by Mr. Hammond. The owner sought compensation for his replacement costs of \$49.50. He pointed out there was a pile of gravel in front of his store and children had been playing in the gravel.

January 1930 – There are 6 new applications for relief.

February 1930 – The Municipal Commissioner's levy is set at \$11,061.40 for 1930.

February 1930 – East Kildonan is to place 1,200 cubic yards of gravel on Henderson Highway at an estimated cost of \$2,400.00.

February 1930 – Mr. Glasspole of 468 Winterton says the owner of the Hill 60 Wrecking Yard has placed a pile of snow on the vacant lot next to him and it is filled with nails and scrap iron. Mr. Glasspole feels this is a hazard for neighbourhood children.

February 1930 – The East Kildonan School Board requires a levy of \$96,000.00 for 1930.

February 1930 – Mr. John T. and Mrs. Elizabeth apply for an old age pension.

February 1930 – Mr. Clay is appointed at \$125.00 per month while Mr. Ward is let go.

February 1930 – There are 16 new application for relief.

February 1930 – The Winnipeg Electric Company told council that there had been repeated acts of vandalism at the Morse Place streetcar shelter. The stove had been knocked over a number of times, the stovepipe had been thrown on the ground and stamped on and now someone had broken the stove. They told council that if there were many more incidents they would discontinue heating the shelter.

February 1930 – Council asks the provincial government for the power to regulate new subdivisions.

February 1930 – Greene Avenue is gravelled from Woodlawn (Woodvale) to a point 400 feet west and Bredin Drive is gravelled from Henderson to a point 300 feet west.

March 1930 – There are 3 fires set by an arsonist one at 672 Prince Rupert, one at 644 Moncton and one in an empty store at Government and Grey. A juvenile is found guilty of all 3 fires.

March 1930 – There are 4 new applications for relief.

March 1930 – Mr. B. Reid of 342 Melbourne asks for the pump to be removed opposite his home as no one on his street uses it and it is becoming a nuisance.

March 1930 – The Kildonan All Black Rugby Football Team is given permission to use Bronx Park.

March 1930 – Winnipeg and East Kildonan exchange recent residents when their former residents apply for relief in their new community.

April 1930 – Complaints reach council that a resident at the north east corner of Consol has blocked a creek running through his property causing the creek to back up onto other resident's property.

April 1930 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District levy is set at \$13,982.15 for 1930.

April 1930 – Council is told that Mr. W. Bartholomew of 474 Linden has illegally placed two gates across the lane at the rear of his property.

April 1930 – Mrs. C. Lindsay of 424 Montrose has been cut off from her Mother's Allowance for immoral behaviour.

April 1930 – Mrs. T. Sotham of 400 Roberta claims that 2 collie dogs owned by her were destroyed in an inhumane manner.

April 1930 – The old creek bed running between 178 and 182 Oakview has 3 feet of water in it with the water following the old creek bed from Helmsdale Avenue. The two resident's basements are full of water.

April 1930 – Most residents of East Kildonan receiving relief are only given it for 2 weeks and must apply for it again. In order to receive relief a specific motion must be passed by a council vote for every claim. A relief committee headed by the chief of police investigates every person seeking relief. There are 4 more applications for relief.

April 1930 – Mr. Morgan of Morgan's Drug Store at Hazel dell and Henderson complains of rough boys congregating in front of his store. He says they are a menace to his business and residents walking by.

April 1930 – A complaint is received from Holy Eucharist Church at Watt and Montrose (Larsen) that a number of boys are conducting themselves in a disorderly manner outside the church and are disturbing church services.

April 1930 – Council buys a new horse for sidewalk repairs.

May 1930 – Chief of Police Coley tells council that his car allowance of \$42.50 is not enough to cover his costs due to his heavy workload. Council raises his allowance to \$50.00 a month.

May 1930 – 1930 Mill Rates
General Rate – 19.73 Mills
Greater Winnipeg Water District – 10.7 Mills
Schools – 28.5 Mills
Debenture Rate - .77 Mills
Municipal Water District – 6 Mills
Municipal Commissioner's levy – 2.0 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 7.6 Mills
Sewer District 2 – 4.1 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One - .8 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Two - .5 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.1 Mills

May 1930 – Mr. P. Camsell on behalf of the East Kildonan All Black Rugby Teams complains that Mr. Vanderlek of Chelsea parked on the rugby grounds and refused to move his car. Several players narrowly missed injury when they were thrown against the car during the game. It is found that Mr. Vanderlek frequently parks his cars on the field and has caused several deep ruts on the field. Mr. Coley is told to tell him that if it happens again he will be charged.

May 1930 – Four window lights are broken in the streetcar shelter in Morse Place.

May 1930 – Rugby and croquet players share The Bronx Park grounds.

May 1930 – Regulations concerning the storing and disposal of garbage are drawn up. One regulation is that liquids regardless of type are to be poured down the sewers if the home is hooked up to one.

June 1930 – Rossmere Grove is a popular place for large groups, for picnics. Council must approve permission for picnics. Rossmere Grove fronts on Henderson Highway part of the area is now the Rossmere Shopping Centre.

June 1930 – A clubhouse is to be built for the lawn bowling greens on the west side of Henderson Highway at Helmsdale.

June 1930 – A June 11 meeting is held at the Scottish Hall to appoint a committee to look after the Diamond Jubilee of the Province of Manitoba.

June 1930 – Council is told that there is likely to be an increase in the diphtheria cases.

June 1930 Rents charged for 418 Jamison - \$20.00 per month, 514 Hazeldell - \$12.00 per month.

June 1930 – Council is told that the Salisbury School grounds were not available to students in the spring because of water flowing from a vacant property next door.

June 1930 – A resident is injured on the sidewalk going over McLeod Creek on Henderson Highway.

June 1930 – A large delegation comes to council opposed to the beer parlour to be located in the proposed hotel at Washington and Henderson.

June 1930 – East Kildonan gives relief to a woman whose husband is in jail for dealing in drugs.

June 1930 – There are a total of 31 new applications for relief.

June 1930 – Council divides relief cases into 5 categories

Class 1. Single Men

Class 2. Married Men with no children

Class 3. Married Men who hold clear title to their property and who have not exhausted their personal credit

Class 4. Married men with only one child or married men with grown up sons and daughters.

Class 5. Destitute Families

June 1930 – Concrete sidewalks advertised for the following streets

1. North side of Montrose (Larsen) from Brazier to the eastern limits
2. North side of Bowman from Brazier to Roch

3. North side of Washington from Henderson to Brazier
4. North side of Trent from Henderson to Brazier
5. Both sides of Sydney from Henderson to Brazier
6. South side of Oakview from Woodland (Woodvale) to Kildonan Drive
7. South side of Hazel dell from Henderson to Henderson to Woodland
8. North side of Greene from Henderson to Woodland
9. East side of Brazier from the southern limits to Munroe
10. East side of Henderson Highway from southern limits to Ottawa
11. East side of Gateway from Munroe to Prince Rupert

July 1930 – The applicant of the proposed hotel for Washington and Henderson told council that hotel would not be built if council opposed beer parlour.

July 1930 – Sewer and water are approved for Ottawa from Roch to Watt and Prince Rupert from Gateway to Grey. A watermain is also approved for Trent from Watt St. east to the power lines.

July 1930 – The Winnipeg Electric Company is to establish toilets at the streetcar shelter on Henderson Highway.

July 1930 – The Children's Aid Society charges 94.43 cents per day for a child in his car.

July 1930 – East Kildonan holds its celebrations for Manitoba 60th Jubilee at Bronx Park.

August 1930 – A new fire truck is purchased for the fire department at a cost of \$781.00

August 1930 – The diphtheria immunizations for children are to be done at a cost of 75 cents per child up to a maximum of \$500.00.

September 1930 – The owner of a closed store at Government and Alice is asked to board up his windows and door as local children have been breaking the glass scattering it all over the sidewalk.

September 1930 – The official opening of the new East Kildonan Lawn Bowling Club is held on September 6 1930.

September 1930 – A well is to be sunk on Connery at a cost of \$235.00.00

September 1930 – Mr. J. H. Rudd of 418 Hazeldell tells Council he and his neighbours have dug a ditch at their own expense from their frontage to Pentland (Roch).

September 1930 – The following public works are approved.

1. The grading of Watt St. from Trent to Sydney
2. The ditching of Winterton Avenue from the center of the block between Brazier and Roch to Roch

3. Deepening of the ditches on both sides of Melbourne Avenue
4. Grade Brazier from Munroe to Trent
5. Grade Brazier from Linden to Leighton
6. Clear creek from Linden to Leighton
7. Deepen the ditch on Greene
8. Drain the Salisbury School grounds via Besant and Fleming
9. Open up the creek around the southwest corner of the Morse Place Labour Hall

October 1930 – Over 1600 residents of East Kildonan sign a petition in support of the paving of Henderson Highway. A large meeting of residents is held on October 6 at Prince Edward School to hear the details of the work.

October 1930 – The paving of Henderson Highway begins on October 15 on the East Side. The federal government pays 80% of the costs; East Kildonan's share of the costs is \$24,000.00. Wages for workers are set, as 40 cents an hour, the wage are 70 cents per hour for a man and his team of horses.

October 1930 – A resident complains that a dog broke into his rabbit pen killing 20 of his rabbits. He demands the police find the owner of the dog and get the owner to pay compensation for his loss.

October 1930 – The water rate charged to area municipalities by the Greater Winnipeg Water District is to increase to 4 cents per 1,000 gallons as of January 1931.

November 1930 – Streetlights are placed on Watt St. at Melbourne and Trent.

November 1930 – Two disabled night watchmen are hired to watch over the Henderson Highway paving project at 40 cents per hour for 7.5 hours a night. This is in response to the concerns equipment may be damaged or stolen and the wet concrete vandalized.

November 1930 – There are 10 new application for relief.

November 1930 – The Province and the Federal Government are to pay one third each of direct relief with municipalities paying the other third.

November 1930 – The Roxy Theatre is broken into and the manager is unable to reach the police because he is in Provincial Police Court.

December 1930 – A large delegation of unemployed workers come to council demanding more action on the growing unemployment problem.

December 1930 – The charge to look after bedridden patients at the Old Folk Home in St. Boniface is \$1.00 per day.

December 1930 – Father O'Hara of St. Alphonsus Church asks Council to flood the rink at the Church at no charge as was done in the past.

December 1930 – Reeve Allan receives a special extra indemnity of \$500.00 for 1930.

December 1930 – Bonuses paid to Municipal employees

H. Thompson - \$50.00

J. W. Battershill - \$50.00

H. A. Leigh - \$35.00

T. Coley - \$30.00

J. Morrow - \$20.00

Doris Beasant - \$20.00

December 1930 – The deputy returning officers for the municipal election receive \$8.00 and the polling clerks receive \$6.00.

December 1930 – The Ukrainian Literary Society on Watt St. expels a group of youths for disorderly conduct. This expelled group waits outside for the members of the society where they attack the members leaving. Society members demand action from the police to arrest these Morse Place youths

December 1930 – Fifty-two new men apply for relief for their families, seventeen of these applications are rejected.

January 1931 – Reeve D. J. Allan, Councillors G. J. Pike, H. Payne, J. A. Pearn and George Kennemore

January 1931 – Council is told that 172 building permits were issued in 1930, there were 72 new dwellings, 40 alterations or additions, 35 garages, 10 sheds and 16 miscellaneous jobs with a total \$260,450.00 in value.

January 1931 – In cases where applicants applying for relief have not lived in East Kildonan for a full 12 months before applying, the Relief Officer is to assist those people move back to their previous municipality.

January 1931 – Council is informed that the total tax collection for 1930 was \$207,303.74 down almost \$4,000 from 1929.

January 1931 – The Radio Oil Company Refinery building is under construction on Munroe east of Watt St.

January 1931 – The following streets are approved for gravelling

1. Gateway from the southern limits to Consol
2. Raleigh from Washington to Munroe
3. Munroe from Henderson to Brazier
4. Sydney from Henderson to Brazier
5. Washington from Watt to Raleigh
6. Moncton from Gateway to Besant

7. Wallace (London) from Munroe to Prince Rupert
8. Grey from Munroe to Prince Rupert
9. Besant from Moncton to Munroe

January 1931 – Morgan's Drug Store at Hazel dell and Henderson is broken into again and the owner complains about the time it took for Chief of Police Coley to arrive after he is phoned. He is called at 8 AM but he doesn't arrive until 10:30 AM.

January 1931 – Complaints reach council that only 7 out of 20 men working on the construction of the Radio Oil Refinery live in East Kildonan.

January 1931 – The Imperial Bank insists East Kildonan send them a budget showing in detail receipts and expenditures to ensure the budget is balanced.

January 1931 – There are 27 new applications for relief.

February 1931 – The Police handcuffs have to repaired because of increased use.

February 1931 – Relief matters continue to consume a larger portion of council business. As of January 31 1931, there are 101 families on relief comprising 418 individuals.

February 1931 – Mr. McClure is given the right to garden 2 acres of property on the north side of Dunrobin between Brazier and Roch for \$15.00 for the season.

February 1931 – It is reported to council that the East Kildonan School Board budget is short of balance by \$28,000.00. This is after a reduction of \$6,935.00 in the estimated expenditures. The School Board makes a further cut of \$4,000.00 reducing the levy required from \$100,000.00 to \$96,000.00.

February 1931 – The Netherlands Football Club asks for permission to use Bronx Park for the season. The request is approved.

February 1931 – Councillor Payne tells Council that the men working on the construction of the Radio Oil Refinery are being paid 25 cents to 75 cents per hour. After opening the men are to be paid \$80.00 to \$175.00 per month. The wages being paid for the construction are in violation of the Fair Wage Scale. Bricklayers are required to be paid \$1.45 per hour for a 44-hour week. Radio Oil is only paying 59 cents per hour for a 60-hour week. Helpers are required to be paid 50 cents per hour but Radio Oil is only paying 25 cents per hour. Electrical workers and carpenters are required to be paid \$1.10 per hour but electrical workers are only being paid 75 cents per hour and carpenters only 25 cents per hour.

February 1931 – Council is informed that rumors abound of East Kildonan's dire financial condition especially of the bad budget problems of the school division. Council decides to stress the positive and play down the budgetary problems.

February 1931 – The budget submitted to the bank after major cuts is still \$9,000.00 short of balance. Council finally balances the budget submitted to the bank largely on the basis that tax collections will be higher than previously expected. The Imperial Bank tells council to inform the school board that if tax collections fall, the bank has the right to tell the school board to cut services.

February 1931 – There are 25 new applications for relief.

March 1931 – As of March 2 1931 there are a total of 441 individuals in 108 families on relief. This is about 4.9% of the population of East Kildonan.

March 1931 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District Levy for 1931 is \$13,367.55.

March 1931 – Mrs. A. Deegan is to receive a Mother's Allowance of \$25.00 per month.

March 1931 – The summer camp building at the corner of Kildonan Drive and Rossmere Avenue is to be rented for \$25.00 for the 1931 season.

March 1931 – The decision to give the Netherlands Football Club the right to use Bronx Park is rescinded. The All Black Rugby Club is given the permission to use Bronx Park.

March 1931 – Salaries for the East Kildonan Municipal Staff are cut by an average of 45%. New salary levels

J. W. Battershill - \$175.80 per month including car allowance

H. Thompson - \$118.75 per month

H. A. Leigh - \$81.20 per month

J. Morrow - \$56.20 per month

Miss D. Beasant - \$42.50 per month

T Coley - \$125.00 per month including car allowance

G. King - \$57.50 per month

F. Laker - \$52.50 per month

W. Piper - \$60.00 per month

J. Clay - \$62.50 per month

March 1931 – There are 36 appeals for the tax assessments all but 3 are dismissed.

April 1931 – Mr. G. Roxburgh who lives along the riverbank complains to Council. He demands better police services. He tells of youth trespassing on his property damaging his trees breaking into his tool sheds and stealing his tools. He tells of confronting one youth and then later finding one of tool sheds burned down.

April 1931 – Council is informed that there are not enough horses to haul the chemical wagon at the fire department.

April 1931 – Many complaints reach Council about the strong odors coming from the newly open Radio Oil Refinery. Mr. Fred Lange represents the delegation complaining to Council.

April 1931 – Mrs. C. Lindsay's Mother's Allowance is restored at \$52.00 per month and she is taken off relief. She has 7 children 1 of them is the 'bastard child' that caused her to be cut off the first time.

Mrs. Mary Pursaga receives a Mother's Allowance of \$46.00 per month.

April 1931 – Council is informed that the City of Winnipeg is asking the provincial government for the right to impose taxes on people not living in the City of Winnipeg but who earn a living in the City of Winnipeg. Many residents of East Kildonan work in Winnipeg so this will have a big impact on East Kildonan.

April 1931 – Chief Coley informs council that many cars travelling north on Watt St. are using the wrong side of the street because of the condition of Watt St.

April 1931 – Pay scale for those working on the relief project of paving Henderson Highway

Form-setter – \$1.00 per hour

Form-setter Helpers – 45 cents per hour

Engineer in charge of 3 or more drum machines - \$1.10 per hour

Engineer in charge of double drum machines - \$1.00 per hour

Engineer in charge of a single machine – 95 cents per hour

Fireman First Class – 75 cents per hour

Fireman Second Class – 65 cents per hour

Cement Finishers – 70 cents per hour

Carpenters - \$1.10 per hour

Waterboy – 25 cents per hour

2 Horse Team – 30 cents per hour

2 Horse Team with Driver – 70 cents per hour

1 ½ ton truck with Driver - \$1.25 per hour

Over 1 ½ ton truck with Driver - \$1.50 per hour

All work is to be done under the supervision of the Municipal Engineer as all private tenders for the work are rejected.

April 1931 – The Winnipeg Electric Company tells Council that streetcar traffic has declined 17% in the last year.

April 1931 - The Rough Riders Rugby Club is given permission to use the north side of Munroe in Morse Place for the 1931 season. The Morse Place Cricket Club is also given permission to use this portion of Munroe.

May 1931 – Unemployed workers complain to council that too many machines are being used on the paving of Henderson Highway. They want the machines eliminated so more men can be hired to do the work by hand.

May 1931 – Mill rate schedule
Greater Winnipeg Water District – 10.7 Mills
Municipal General Rate – 22.53 Mills
General Debenture – 1.27 Mills
Municipal Commissioner's Levy – 1.7 Mills
Municipal Watermains – 5.5 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 7.1 Mills
Sewer District 2 – 3.9 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One - .89 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Two - .52 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.14 Mills

May 1931 – The Radio Oil Company is ordered to have 60% of their staff East Kildonan residents as per the agreement when they were given free land and given other tax breaks. There are only 3 residents of East Kildonan working at Radio Oil.

Odors from the Radio Oil Refinery require the windows of Polson and Prince Edward Schools to be closed when there is an east wind. With the normal west winds the odors travel to Morse Place depreciating the land values there.

May 1931 – Mr. P. R. Broadfoot President of the Young People's Club of King Memorial Church asks for permission to use Rossmere Grove on Tuesday evenings.

May 1931 – There are on average 275-300 East Kildonan men working on the paving of Henderson Highway. They work for two weeks and then are rotated off and on with other men. There are two shifts, the first shift is from 4 AM to 12 Noon and the second shift is from 1 PM to 8 PM.

May 1931 – East Kildonan Equalized Assessment is set at \$1,175,000.00 for land and \$1,762,000.00 for buildings in 1931.

May 1931 – Chief of Police Coley is given a new police uniform at a cost of \$50.00.

May 1931 – Permission is given to the Winnipeg Electric Company for a new streetcar loop at the north east corner of Henderson and Rossmere Avenue. This location is the site of the current bus stop in front of the Garden Market IGA store.

May 1931 – The Winnipeg Electric Company is given the franchise (exclusive monopoly) for supplying power to the area north of Munroe.

June 1931 – The Radio Oil Company states that it employs 12 people but only 5 of them are East Kildonan residents. They require skilled employees but not enough of these people live in East Kildonan.

June 1931 – The Municipal Commissioner's levy is set at \$5,757.49 for 1931.

June 1931 – Mrs. Eleanore Raleigh is given a Mother's Allowance of \$68.90 per month.

June 1931 – Rents paid by East Kildonan for those on relief

371 Oakview - \$15.00 per month

538 Montrose - \$20.00 per month

479 Oakview - \$12.00 per month

307 Oakview - \$12.00 per month

522 Trent - \$15.00 per month

366 Roberta - \$20.00 per month

535 Melbourne - \$15.00 per month

260 Bowman - \$20.00 per month

810 Consol - \$10.00 per month

447 Sydney - \$22.50 per month

June 1931 – Reports reach council that some residents are taking soil and cutting down trees on vacant lots. Some residents are also grazing their cows on the playground located on the north side of Munroe in Morse Place. The Chief of Police is ordered to stop these practices from occurring.

June 1931 – Special Constable is found to have stolen plants from the garden of Mrs. Roxburgh while on duty and as a result is fired.

June 1931 – A fire is reported at the mouth of the Munroe sewer flowing into the Red River. The flammable liquid in the sewer had been set on a fire by a group of boys. The boys are caught and their parents have to pay the \$100.00 to repair the damage.

July 1931 – A motion is passed by council to put those on relief cutting weeds and cutting brush out of the ditches through out East Kildonan.

July 1931 – Mr. J. I. Walker is hired as a special constable at \$5.00 per day.

July 1931 – Mr. J. Harper of 539 Greene complains about the increase in the streetcar fares.

July 1931 – There are a total of 60 families comprising 266 individuals on relief as of July 4 1931.

July 1931 – The Prince Edward Legion is given title to a piece of free land for their new clubhouse on Henderson Highway between Melbourne and Chelsea.

July 1931 – The weekly relief allowance and the number of hours of work required per week to receive benefits

Family Size	Allowance	Number of Hours
2	\$3.20	1 Day
3	\$3.60	1 Day 1 Hour
4	\$4.00	1 Day 2 Hours
5	\$4.40	1 Day 3 Hours
6	\$4.80	1 Day 4 Hours
7	\$5.20	1 Day 5 Hours
8	\$5.60	1 Day 6 Hours
9	\$6.00	1 Day 7 Hours
10	\$6.40	2 Days
11	\$6.80	2 Days 1 Hour
12	\$7.20	2 Days 2 Hours

July 1931 – As of July 25 1931 there are 78 families comprising 333 individuals on relief.

August 1931 – As of August 1 1931 there are 98 families comprising 433 individuals on relief.

August 1931 – All unemployed men are to register at the Fire Hall on Watt St.

August 1931 – Hazeldell from Henderson Highway to Roch is to be brushed by men on relief.

August 1931 – Rents paid by East Kildonan

371 Oakview - \$15.00 per month

161 Helmsdale - \$17.50 per month

823 Montrose (Larsen) - \$10.00 per month

550 Montrose - \$10.00 per month

508 Montrose - \$7.50 per month

260 Bowman - \$15.00 per month

428 Montrose - \$8.00 per month

479 Oakview - \$15.00 per month

367 Oakview - \$12.50 per month

August 1931 – As of August 12 1931 East Kildonan has 537 men recorded as unemployed consisting of 338 married men and 199 single men. There are also 89 women recorded as unemployed. This is an unemployment rate of about 20%

August 1931 – As of August 22 1931 there are 100 families on relief comprising 438 individuals.

September 1931 – Boys from the Watt St. area are blamed for breaking the guardrail over the sidewalk crossing the C.P.R. tracks on Munroe.

September 1931 – Council is told that unauthorized picnics are being held on the Rossmere Grove grounds. These groups have been destroying the trees.

September 1931 – Mr. F. W. Lange representing a number of residents have formed a builder's guild, they suggest to Council that a housing scheme be formed to build 50 houses on lots owned by East Kildonan.

September 1931 – Mr. A. Taylor says 98% of the residents in the vicinity of the proposed Prince Edward Legion building have signed a petition against the building of the hall. They feel that the beer canteen will be responsible for increased drunken behaviour in the district.

September 1931 – The bank returns an American \$20.00 bill that is a forgery, back to East Kildonan. Council passes a motion not to accept any further American money for payment.

September 1931 – The Police are ordered to find out who is dumping garbage on municipal lands north of Elmwood Park.

September 1931 – Unskilled labourers working on sidewalk construction are to be paid 40 cents per hour. Subforemen in sidewalk construction are to be paid 50 cents per hour.

September 1931 – The Province of Manitoba provides \$70,000.00 to East Kildonan for relief work. The federal government is paying 50% of the cost of direct relief; the province and the municipality pay 25% each. Relief workers are paid 40 cents an hour unskilled labour.

September 1931 – Relief work for the following projects are submitted to the province for approval. Concrete sidewalks for

1. East side of Henderson Highway from Ottawa to Leighton
2. East side of Brazier from Jamison to Munroe
3. East side of Watt from southern limits to Ottawa
4. Both sides of Munroe of Ottawa from Henderson to Brazier
5. North side of Ottawa from Roch to Ottawa
6. South side Melbourne from Henderson to Brazier
7. South side of Jamison from Brazier to Roch
8. South side of Bowman from Brazier to Roch
9. North side of Munroe from Gateway to Grey
10. South side of Chelsea from Henderson to the creek
11. South side of Linden from Henderson to Woodlawn

October 1931 – Relief work for sewer and water is approved for the following streets

1. Trent from Watt to the power lines
2. Ottawa from Roch to a point 600 feet east of Watt
3. Linden from Henderson to Brazier

4. Government from a point 150 feet east of Gateway to Grey
5. Prince Rupert from a point 150 east of Gateway to Grey

Concrete sidewalks approved for the following streets

1. South side of Montrose to Roch
2. South side Sydney from Henderson to Brazier
3. North side Sydney from Brazier to Roch
4. Henderson Highway east to lane

Cinder sidewalks for the following streets

1. Hazel dell south side from Creek to Brazier
2. Oakview north side from creek to Watt St.

Gravelling for

1. Melbourne from Henderson to Roch
2. Brazier from Munroe to Melbourne

October 1931 – Rents paid by East Kildonan

274 Montrose - \$15.00 per month

366 Roberta - \$15.00 per month

514 Hazeldell - \$12.00 per month

351 Winterton - \$15.00 per month

312 Dunrobin - \$15.00 per month

October 1931 – Relief work pay scale for paving work are reduced, new rates are now

Cement Finishers – 60 cents per hour

Concrete Mixer Operators – 60 cents per hour

Timbersmen, Cribmen and Formsetter – 50 cents per hour

Timekeepers - \$4.50 per day

Sub Foremen - \$4.50 per day

Foremen - \$5.50 per day

Teams – 70 cents per hour

October 1931 – Taxes in Arrears by Ward

Ward One - \$28,972.29

Ward Two - \$18,039.49

Ward Three – \$6,753.26

Total taxes in arrears - \$53,765.04

1931 Taxes unpaid by Ward

Ward One - \$75,516.80, 48.8 % of 1931 taxes paid

Ward Two - \$25,284.72, 31.8% of 1931 taxes paid

Ward Three - \$8,513.27, 32.2 % of 1931 taxes paid

Total 1931 unpaid taxes - \$109,314.79, 41.9 % of 1931 taxes paid

October 1931 – Council rules that no man is allowed to work on relief projects until he has been unemployed for one month.

October 1931 – One of the skating rink shacks in Morse Place is damaged by vandalism,

October 1931 – A notice is placed in all public buildings in East Kildonan, that any East Kildonan employee being insubordinate will be fired until council reviews their case.

October 1931 – The province reduces the support for East Kildonan relief work from \$70,000.00 to \$35,000.00.

October 1931 – The Imperial Bank tells East Kildonan that the budget for East Kildonan must be balanced at all costs for 1932 or else East Kildonan will receive no more credit.

October 1931 – Council is informed that East Kildonan has 141 heads of families on relief as of October 30 1931 representing 647 individuals. East Kildonan's population is about 9,000 at this time about 7.2% of the total population. The adult unemployment rate is near 25%.

November 1931 – East Kildonan Council orders the East Kildonan School Board to cut its budget regardless of the consequences. They are told to prepare a total budget of not more than \$85,000.00 for 1932.

November 1931 – All residents whose tax arrears are more than \$100.00 receive a personal letter from the Reeve asking them to pay.

November 1931 – Mr. A. Taylor represents a group of 'unemployed girls' who have now formed an association. They must register at the Fire Hall. They offer to assist the proposed committee that is being formed to collect clothes for the unemployed.

November 1931 – Council purchases for relief purposes

- 5 dozen pairs of men's mitts at 40 cents per pair
- 5 dozen men's two piece underwear at \$1.00 each
- 5 dozen men's overalls at \$1.00 each
- 5 dozen pairs of pants at \$1.50 per pair
- 5 dozen men's shirts at 80 cents each
- 3 dozen pairs of men's leather boots at \$1.70 per pair
- 3 dozen pairs of men's gum boots at \$1.38 per pair
- 5 dozen pairs of men's socks at 20 cents per pair
- 3 dozen pairs of women's underwear at 90 cents each
- 3 dozen pairs of women's boots at \$1.50 per pair
- 5 dozen pairs of women's overshoes at \$1.18 per pair
- 72 pairs of Lisle women's stockings 15 cents per pair
- 5 dozen pairs of children's 2 piece underwear at 60 and 70 cents per pair
- 5 dozen pairs of boy's pants at 35 cents per pair
- 5 dozen pairs of children's overshoes at 95 cents per pair
- 5 dozen pairs of children's woolen stockings at 15 cents per pair
- 5 dozen pairs of children's boots at \$1.56 per pair

November 1931 – Single unemployed men are told to seek farm work for \$5.00 per month plus room and board.

November 1931 – The Morse Place Horticultural Society and the Kildonan St. Paul Agricultural Society receive grants of \$25.00 each.

November 1931 – The Imperial Bank agrees to grant the East Kildonan School District \$8,500 to pay the December 1931 teacher's salaries but unless the School District Budget is balanced by December 31 1931 no further credit will be given.

November 1931 – Rev. A. Luhouy of the Junior Club of Holy Eucharist Church ask for permission to use 7 empty lots for a skating rink and hockey rink for boys of the Church.

November 1931 – Oil is draining from the Radio Oil Refinery into the open ditches creating a severe fire hazard.

December 1931 – There are now 255 heads of families on relief now representing 1136 individuals in East Kildonan about 12.6% of the population. More money is now being paid out in relief than is coming in to East Kildonan in taxes.

December 1931 – Relief pay scale for sewer work

Unskilled – 37.5 cents per hour

Deep Diggers – 50 cents per hour

Timbermen – 50 cents per hour

Tunnelers – 50 cents per hour

Pipelayers – 50 cents per hour

Pay scale for Relief work on watermains

Unskilled Labourers – 37.5 cents per hour

Caulk Hole Diggers – 50 cents per hour

Assistant Pipelayers – 50 cents per hour

Caulkers on Joints – 60 cents per hour

December 1931 – East Kildonan follows the directive of the Provincial Government that only wood will be supplied for relief purposes and not coal. Cost of cordwood

Poplar - \$2.60 per cord

Jackpine - \$3.10 per cord

Tamarac - \$4.00 per cord

December 1931 – Reeve Allan receives a special bonus indemnity of \$500.00

December 1931 – Bonuses for East Kildonan Staff

H. Thompson - \$25.00

J. W. Battershill - \$25.00

H. A. Leigh - \$20.00

J. Morrow - \$15.00

T. Coley - \$15.00
Miss D. Beasant - \$10.00
Miss A. Tompkins - \$10.00
J. Clay - \$10.00
W. Piper - \$10.00
G. King - \$10.00
F. Laker - \$10.00

January 1932 – Reeve D. J. Allan, Councillors G. J. MacLeod, F. Orange, H. Payne and G. J. Pike

Committees of Council

Finance Committee

Board of Works & Property Committee

Fire, Water & Light Committee

Police Public Health, Unemployment and Mother's Allowance Committee

Legislative Committee

January 1932 – A large majority of council's time is now being spent on relief issues.

January 1932 – Fuel is granted to relief families based on the number of rooms

1-3 Rooms - \$6.00 per month

4 and 5 Rooms - \$8.00 per month

6 Rooms and above - \$10.00 per month

January 1932 – J. Foggy the Chief Sanitary Inspector with the Province of Manitoba suggests that Radio Oil be served with a notice for it to take such steps that are necessary to prevent the offensive odors from leaving the refinery.

January 1932 – Council is told that the Manitoba Good Roads membership fee has been reduced to \$10.00 per year.

January 1932 – Council is told that the total tax receipts for 1931 were \$212,603.37 up over \$5000.00 from 1931 but the number of people losing their property on account of tax default is skyrocketing.

January 1932 – A watermain is constructed on Watt between Washington and Ottawa.

February 1932 – Council is told that the East Kildonan School Board is near to default on some its bonds.

February 1932 – Tax collection in January 1932 were \$4,623.08 down from \$6,190.85 in January 1931.

February 1932 – East Kildonan is informed that the number of people on relief and its total relief costs are higher than any other municipality in Manitoba except for the City of Winnipeg.

February 1932 – The balance of the clothing held by East Kildonan is to be turned over to the East Kildonan Welfare Association.

February 1932 – The Provincial Government tells East Kildonan it should cut the food allowance given to its relief cases by 25%. The Provincial Government also wants all single men cut off relief and instead sent to farms. Farmers would receive \$5.00 per month for taking these single men and single men would receive \$5.00 per month plus their room and board for working on these farms. Of the \$5.00 paid to the single men working on farms East Kildonan would pay \$2.00 per month.

February 1932 – Men on unemployment relief works work 44 hours one week then have the second week off.

February 1932 – The Imperial Bank forces East Kildonan to sell \$6,000.00 in highly desirable Dominion of Canada Bonds and then buy back \$6,000.00 of its own bonds in order to avoid default.

February 1932 – The East Kildonan Emergency Relief Association tells Council of the case of 1 family where the children have not been in school for 4 months because of the lack of clothing and boots for the children.

February 1932 – Mr. V. M. Snow of 221 Donalda complains that the odors from the Radio Oil Refinery reaches his home.

February 1932 – The East Kildonan School District tells Council that its levy of \$85,500.00 for 1932 will be strictly adhered to.

February 1932 – The East Kildonan Welfare Association is to receive a grant of \$90.00 in order to employ a man to assist in their work to the end of March 1932.

March 1932 – The provincial government has to loan East Kildonan money to pay its 25% share of direct relief costs.

March 1932 – Cinder sidewalks are approved for the following streets as relief work projects.

1. Oakview north side from Watt to Golspie
2. Hazel dell south side from Brazier to Golspie
3. Washington south side from Watt to Golspie
4. Melbourne south side Brazier to near Watt
5. Besant west side lane south of Hoskin to Bowman
6. Munroe south side Gateway to a point 800 feet east

March 1932 – Applications come in for the use of the grounds north of Elmwood Park for the baseball season

1. The Comet Athletic Club

2. Maple Leaf Baseball Club
3. Night Hawks Diamond Baseball Club

March 1932 – Three local bakers offer to supply bread to relief cases on the basis of 4 cents for a 16 ounce loaf and 5 cents for a 20 ounce loaf.

March 1932 – Students from East Kildonan Collegiate at Lord Wolseley School are sent home from school for several days in order to save money for the School Board.

March 1932 – Summer cottages located at the foot of the Red River at Linden and Green and previously sold by East Kildonan revert back to East Kildonan through tax sales.

April 1932 – A petition is signed by 107 men working on the sewer on Ottawa, stating that the grocery allowance is not sufficient for men doing manual labour.

April 1932 – Mr. Morozowski whose house was destroyed by fire started by a arsonist who has been caught is told he can not use the insurance money to rebuild his home but he must use it to support his family because he is no longer eligible for relief.

April 1932 – A. Taylor and F. Lange of the East Kildonan Emergency Welfare Association ask for a \$30.00 grant to cover the administrative costs of the Association.

April 1932 – Fuel rations are to be increased by 15% due to the increase in the cost of fuel.

April 1932 – Mr. Devisscher who took over the Oak Dairy from Mr. Jonasson asks for the same land for his cattle as Mr. Jonasson used in previous years.

April 1932 – Complaints reach council on a regular basis that someone on relief has a new radio or a new coat etc. Each person that has a complaint against him must come to council to explain. If council doesn't believe you, then you are removed from relief. If you fail to come to council to explain you are automatically dropped from relief. There are a number of people who are victims of rumor or vindictive neighbours.

April 1932 – A cinder sidewalk is approved for the north side of Munroe east of Wallace (London) to Besant.

April 1932 – Mr. A. O. Hancock of 345 Montrose (Larsen) complains that a group of boys are stealing eggs from the Elmwood Egg Market and then throwing them at houses.

April 1932 – Council is told that after May 1 1932 the Federal Government will no longer offer financial assistance for relief projects and it will only give money for direct relief.

April 1932 – Council is told that there may be 10-12 families on relief in East Kildonan who may wish to take advantage of the Back to the Land Movement and be settled on farms.

April 1932 – The relief committee is allowed to increase the allowance for relief recipients up to the allowance allowed by the City of Winnipeg if necessary.

April 1932 – As of April 23 1932 there are 242 families on relief

April 1932 – An allowance of 30 cents is given to relief recipients for seed or plants to grow their own food.

April 1932 – Four parcels of Municipal lands are turned over to the North and East Kildonan Athletic Association.

April 1932 – The following streets are approved for gravelling

1. Brazier from the southern limits to Munroe
2. Gateway from the southern limits to Consol
3. Hazel dell from Henderson to a point 600 feet west
4. Greene from Henderson to Woodlawn
5. Sydney from Henderson to Brazier
6. Moncton from Gateway to Besant
7. Wallace (London) from Munroe to Prince Rupert
8. Grey from Munroe to Prince Rupert
9. Besant from Moncton to Munroe
10. Helmsdale from Henderson to Woodlawn (Woodvale)
11. Leighton from Henderson to Woodlawn
12. Roch from the southern limits to Munroe
13. Watt from the southern limits to Munroe
14. Birds Hill Road (Molson) from southern limits to C.P.R. tracks
15. Linden from Henderson to Woodlawn

April 1932 – The car allowance for the police chief and the engineer is reduced by \$5.00 a month from \$50.00 to \$45.00.

April 1932 – As of April 30 1932 there are 251 families on relief comprising 1130 individuals.

May 1932 – The East Kildonan Unemployed Association asks council to require anyone making a complaint about someone on relief, give their own name and address. They want the one making the complaint to appear in person to council. They also want 2 members of the Unemployed Association to be allowed to sit in on all complaints regarding relief. Council takes no action on their requests.

May 1932 – As of May 12 1932 there are 257 families on relief comprising 1160 individuals

May 1932 – The 1932 Mill Rate is set
General Municipal Rate – 26.27 Mills
Municipal Commissioner's Levy – 1.06 Mills
Debentures – 2.67 Mills
Municipal Water Mains District – 3.7 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 7.1 Mills
Sewer District 2 – 4.0 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One - .89 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Two - .54 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.14 Mills
East Kildonan School District – 25.3 Mills

May 1932 – Mr. J. Walker tells Council that the Municipal Employees are showing favoritism by issuing relief orders to their friend who own businesses and not to other businesses.

May 1932 – The Radio Oil Plant is found to be draining unwanted oil into the Munroe Ditch. Nearby residents and those in Morse Place are also complaining that the odors from the plant are making them sick. Council orders its medical officer and its police to check into the complaints.

May 1932 – As of May 19 1932 there are 259 families on relief, comprising 1171 individuals.

May 1932 – East Kildonan has already spent \$21,141.67 on relief to the end of April 30 1932 but the entire relief budget for 1932 is only \$27,000.00.

May 1932 – Mr. T. Lee is hired to check up on all relief cases for a period of 2 weeks at \$20.00 per week.

May 1932 – The summer cottage at 862 Kildonan Drive is rented for \$80.00 for the season while the summer cottage at 864 Kildonan Drive is rented for \$100.00 for the season.

May 1932 – The Liability Insurance rates are reduced by 15% by the insurance company because of the better condition of the roads and sidewalks which has lead to fewer claims being filed.

June 1932 – The grounds of Rossmere Grove are reserved for the use of East Kildonan and Elmwood organizations only.

June 1932 – A group comes to Council asking that the relief tickets for used or new clothes be good at any store instead of specific stores as some storekeepers given the right to accept these relief tickets have raised their prices.

June 1932 – Mr. J. Thompson asks that his relief milk ration be separated from his general food order so families on relief can get fresh milk delivered direct. He claims the store he must get his milk from at Brazier and Montrose is often sour the evening of the day that he picked it up and he doesn't pick it up until Noon.

June 1932 – Single men on relief complain that if they are considered a member of a family for relief purposes they can not be issued any clothing.

June 1932 – Mr. Cook of 462 Trent asks if some of the unemployed men can do the haircutting for the unemployed.

June 1932 – Mr. James House asks to be hired as the relief fireman during the time the firemen are on holidays.

June 1932 – As of June 18 1932 there are 277 families on relief comprising 1252 individuals

June 1932 – It is reported that grasshoppers are very thick at the East End of Morse Place.

July 1932 – There are 252 families on relief comprising a total of 1139 individuals

July 1932 – The East Kildonan School Board asks for relief men to work on the Salisbury School grounds as the School Board can not afford to hire anyone to do the work.

July 1932 – The East Kildonan Unemployed Association is told that Council will supply scissors, combs and clippers for cutting hair.

July 1932 – Council is to purchase paint and brushes so the disabled on relief can paint fire hydrants.

July 1932 – The Walker family is told to get rid of all but one dog or else they will be cut off relief.

July 1932 – Council still has not received \$12,155.36 for the months of April, May and June for relief from the senior levels of government. The East Kildonan School District has \$4,643.50 in debentures and interest coming due plus it requires \$3,900.00 to meet current needs but it has used up its bank credit. Council tells the School Board that unless the senior levels of government pay up immediately and tax collection increase Council will have no money to pay to the School Division.

August 1932 – Mr. Terry Sawchuk who lives opposite Polson School complains that children playing on the school grounds are causing a disturbance. He complains they are playing on the grounds late in the evening often to 9:00 PM. His young son Terry Sawchuk Jr. is often unable to sleep.

August 1932 – The tax collections for July 1932 are \$7,737.71 as compared to \$11,078.15 for July 1931.

August 1932 – Council borrows \$3,225.95 to pay for the cost of direct relief it gave out for the months of January to March 1932 for which the senior levels of government have not reimbursed it.

August 1932 – There are 248 families on relief as of August 7 1932 comprising 1118 individuals.

August 1932 – Mr. F. W. Lange of the East Kildonan Unemployment Association asks for permission to use the grounds north of Elmwood Park or Bronx Park for a fundraising carnival on August 31 1932.

September 1932 – There are 249 families on relief comprising 1122 individuals.

September 1932 – Mrs. Tataryn is given a Mother's Allowance of \$48.25 per month.

September 1932 – Mr. A. Martin of 442 Trent is cut off relief and is told he must support his family as a chimney sweep.

September 1932 – Men on sewer work ask for an extra \$2.00 per week food allowance per family and ask for a greater clothing allowance for the winter months.

October 1932 – There are reports that crowds of boys are congregating on the southern part of Watt St. This same gang is blamed for breaking windows on Holy Eucharist Parish Hall.

October 1932 – There are 273 families on relief comprising 1229 individuals.

October 1932 – Council tells the East Kildonan School Board that it has paid the School District \$62,000 of the school levy so far but the municipality has only received \$32,913.00 in tax collections for schools so far. Council is desperate to find any source of revenue.

October 1932 – New charges for water connections

20 foot connections - \$21.40

25 foot connections - \$24.00

28 foot connections - \$26.20

30 foot connections - \$27.65

33 foot connections - \$30.50

37.5 foot connections - \$32.50
50 foot connections - \$40.50

November 1932 – It is reported that people are taking water from the tap at Henderson and Oakview who are not entitled to it. Residents, who are paying, demand a lock to be put on it which council agrees to. Locks are to be installed at the water taps at Henderson and Bronx. Oakview and Henderson and at Henderson and Leighton.

November 1932 – A shelter and a toboggan slide is to be built at the foot of Bronx and River.

November 1932 – Benderski's store is cut off from supplying relief orders because they allow someone to spend their total allowance on cigarettes and tobacco.

November 1932 – Koral's store is banned from receiving anymore relief orders because it supplied home brew to a resident. This decision was made after George Lewitcky of 517 Chelsea tells Council homebrew was sold to him. Notices are sent to all merchants that any violation of the relief rules will lead to their business being cut off from the list of approved merchants.

November 1932 – Deputy Returning Officers are paid \$8.00 for Election Day while poll clerks receive \$6.00.

November 1932 – There are 308 families on relief as of November 26 1932 comprising 1386 individuals.

December 1932 – The Provincial Government tells Council that it will discontinue paying the wolf and coyote bounty.

December 1932 – The price East Kildonan pays for a cord of wood to handle relief cases is \$4.00 for poplar.

December 1932 – As of December 10 1932 there are 337 families on relief comprising 1517 individuals.

December 1932 – East Kildonan has \$13,182.26 in debentures and interest coming due on December 15 1932 but it only has \$1,250.00 in cash on hand. Council holds a special meeting with the School Board to discuss the financial situation. Tax revenues are down \$10,000.00 but relief expenditures are up \$10,000.00. The bank refuses to provide money to pay the December 1932 teacher's salaries so the School Board makes plans to close all the schools at the end of the term instead of immediately as demanded by the Imperial Bank.

December 1932 – As of December 17 1932 there are 340 families on relief comprising 1564 individuals. This means 17.4% of the population of East Kildonan is on relief. Council estimates that there are another 1200 individuals in families in East Kildonan

who are not on relief but where the head of the family is unemployed. This means about 30.7% of the population live in families where there is no wage earner.

December 1932 – Council is informed that St. Alphonsus School is in a dire financial condition. The school is to close at the end of December.

December 1932 – Council indicates that it will not pay more than \$15.00 per month for rent regardless of the size of the home for relief purposes.

January 1933 – Reeve D. J. Allan, Councillors G. J. MacLeod, F. Orange, H. Payne and G. J. Pike. Members of Council are to be paid an indemnity of \$20.00 per month.

January 1933 – Dr. J. A. MacDougall is to charge \$1.00 per call for day and office calls and \$2.00 per call for night and special calls for those on relief. He is to charge \$15.00 for maternity calls at home.

January 1933 – Men on relief are to clear snow and ice off roads and sidewalks particularly Henderson Highway north of Linden. Men refusing such work are to be reported to Council. Twenty-seven men and their families are cut off relief for not working they include

S. Adams
P. Balajewicz
T. Bennett
J. Flis
F. Fryer
A. Capar
J. Christie
A. Davey
R. Drummond
L. Dickson
F. Engberg
J. Fedorowich
W. Fil
E. Cutts
M. Balloch
A. Greenlaw
F. A. Gwinnett
T. Grochaty
J. Harasymczuk
F. P. Hunt
G. Headree
W. Hanel
R. Johnson
H. Johnson
A. Koblanski
N. Kryschuk

A. Drabic

January 1933 – Many of the housing loans are now in arrears so there are insufficient funds to meet the housing loan debenture payments.

January 1933 – Council is to purchase a further \$100.00 worth of clothes for relief purposes.

January 1933 – Chief Coley is ordered to find out who is cutting wood illegally on Parish Lots 69/71 (Rossmere Golf Course area).

January 1933 – The Imperial Bank is willing to grant a total of \$100,000.00 in credit including the present liabilities owing provided that the tax receipts are turned over to them.

January 1933 – The total tax receipts for 1932 drop to \$197,024.26.

January 1933 – The average family of four on relief receives an average of \$45.00 per month.

February 1933 – The East Kildonan Unemployment presents a list of 7 demands to Council and promise to strike if their demands are not met.

January 1933 – The dire financial condition of the East Kildonan Municipality and the East Kildonan School District are placed before the provincial government's Public Utility Board as East Kildonan is in default on a large number of its debentures and accounts.

February 1933 – East Kildonan spent \$11,349.74 on relief for the month of January 1933.

February 1933 – Dr. J. MacDougall is to proceed with the immunization of children for diphtheria provided the Province provides the vaccination material and there is no cost to East Kildonan.

February 1933 – Mr. Hawryshyn, one of the grocers supplying goods for persons on relief is convicted of selling home brew and is removed from the list of people who can do business with those on relief. The grocery store is later put back on the approved list after Mrs. Hawryshyn makes a passionate appeal to council. She argues that her husband is now in jail and her family will lose the store and be forced to go on relief themselves without the business.

February 1933 – Clothing for relief is to be provided through the Central Relief Organization but only one of each article of clothing is to be issued to any one person and none to anyone who has received anything since November 1 1932.

March 1933 – Snowballs break Over 100 panes of glass in a market gardener's greenhouse.

March 1933 – Mr. H. S. Cooper of 337 Leighton is allowed to use 7 vacant lots on his block for a chicken run free of charge for 1933.

March 1933 – The East Kildonan Home Protective Association asks for a scheme to keep the ditches and vacant lots on various streets clean.

March 1933 – The following pieces of ground are placed under the jurisdiction of the North and East Kildonan Athletic Association

1. The land directly north of Elmwood Park
2. The land between Chelsea and Bronx west of Henderson Highway (Bronx Park)
3. The land between Winterton and Ottawa east of Brazier
4. Land between Brazier and Roch south of Neil Avenue

March 1933 - The number of people being supported by relief reaches 1836, more than 20.5% of the total population of East Kildonan. There are another 1400 living in families who are not receiving relief but where the head of the family is unemployed. This means the number of people living in an unemployed household number about 36% of the population of East Kildonan. Many families are denied relief benefits because they still have such luxury items like earrings and good dishes. Others are rejected because they have family members such as cousins and brothers, fathers and uncles not living in the same residence but still working. They are “encouraged” to seek help from them. People who haven't lived in East Kildonan for a year are denied relief automatically and are told to go back where they came from. Those who are not naturalized citizens are often deported to their country of origin if they seek relief. People on relief or seeking relief are “encouraged” to go to farming areas outside East Kildonan to live off the land.

April 1933 – Men working on relief work are given an extra 20 cents per day food allowance for every day they work. Two-week allowances are to be given out. Grocery orders for relief recipient are to be permitted at any location in Greater Winnipeg

April 1933 – Council informs the Morse Place Agricultural Society that it is to offer prizes for the best vegetable gardens for those on relief

First Prize - \$10.00

Second Prize - \$8.00

Third Prize - \$6.00

Fourth Prize - \$4.00

Fifth Prize - \$2.00

May 1933 – In order to raise money East Kildonan allows outside groups to use Rossmere Grove for picnics if they pay a fee of \$5.00.

May 1933 – The East Kildonan Athletic Association forbids the parking on cars on their grounds opposite the Roxy Theatre.

May 1933- Mr. J. C. Ivison Secretary-Treasurer of the Roxy Girl's Softball Club asks for a loan of wood to build a backstop.

May 1933 – Mr. H. H. Stacey on behalf of the St. Alphonsus Unemployed Garden Committee is to be given 15 bushels of potatoes for their gardens.

May 1933 – Council is to pay \$2.25 per ½ cord of # 1 poplar.

May 1933 – Council asks the North and East Kildonan Athletic Association to work out parking space for the Roxy Theatre with the management of the theatre.

May 1933 – Relief recipients are to receive ¼ of a cord of wood per month for cooking for the months of May, June, July and August.

May 1933 – New taps with locks are to be placed for the water taps at
Trent and Watt
Melbourne and Watt
Ottawa and Roch

May 1933 – Mill Rates for 1933
General Municipal Rate – 20.0 Mills
Municipal Commissioner – 1.3 Mills
Relief – 10.0 Mills
Watermain District Rate – 3.1 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 7.1 Mills
General Debenture Rate – 2.2 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One - .9 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Two - .6 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.2 Mills
Schools – 25.8 Mills

May 1933 – East Kildonan hires 2 special constables to deal with the growing crime rate. The men are selected from a pool of men and are hired for a period of several months and then laid off and another 2 men are hired for a period of a few months. These men on relief are paid \$10.00 per month on top of their regular relief allowance.

May 1933 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District Levy is set at \$13,366.68 for 1933.

May 1933 – Reports reach council that cars are being driven on the school grounds of all the local schools, causing deep ruts during the wet weather.

May 1933 – Police have to deal with the growing number of empty houses that have been vandalized and parts of the houses are being removed. Police Chief Coley tells council that crime is at an all time high and too many individuals especially the young, have no respect for the law.

May 1933 – Residents applying to the Rural Rehabilitation Commission under the Back to the Land Movement

Phillip Temple 7- 32 Prince Rupert

Kenneth MacLeod – 672 Prince Rupert

W. McLellan – 758 Moncton

J. Smith – 653 Munroe

R. Sarvis – 847 Montrose

James Grant – 789 Government

Robert Drummond – 381 Montrose

June 1933 – Insulin is now provided free of charge to those on relief where proper cause is shown.

June 1933 – Messrs. F. E. Simmons and A. E. Hamilton complain about thieves and persons maliciously damaging their property and ask for additional police protection.

June 1933 – Mr. Frank Medlock of 473 Greene Avenue complaining about the smell of burning chicken manure and dead chickens coming from a neighbour on the street.

June 1933 – Mr. W. E. Lumsden is instructed to renew the insurance on the house of Mr. T. Bennett at 216 Ottawa upon which the municipality has a housing loan. The amount of insurance placed on the house is \$3,000.00.

June 1933 – Mr. Mistruski of 730 Simpson asks for permission to pasture a cow on the south side of Fleming.

June 1933 – Mr. Gammage of 250 Oakview is caught using a homemade key for water standpipe located at Oakview and Henderson. He made the key because he would be unable to pay for the water or the key required.

June 1933 – Teacher Miss H. Hawryluk applies to substitute while the stenographers are on holidays.

June 1933 – The Married Men's Baseball Club asks to borrow certain timber so they can fence in their baseball diamond.

June 1933 – The Winnipeg Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is given permission to hold a tag day on July 12 1933.

June 1933 – Residents of North Kildonan who have been using the well on McLeod have broken the pump.

June 1933 – The East Kildonan Unemployment Association is given permission to hold a tag day to raise money to give the children of the Association a picnic.

June 1933 – The Firemen are now to receive two weeks per year up from one week per year.

June 1933 – East Kildonan tells the Provincial Government that it needs \$36,000.00 to finance East Kildonan's share of relief costs but settles for a figure of \$25,000.00 after the Province first offers a figure of \$10,000.00.

June 1933 – Council is informed that new provincial legislation now makes adult sons or daughters liable for the support of their dependent parents.

June 1933 – The 2 special constables ask council for money to buy new suits. Their long period of unemployment has lead to their clothing being threadbare.

July 1933 – East Kildonan is unable to borrow any more money from any source. The municipality has a budget deficit of \$32,000.00 and is forced to default on loans coming due. The Province of Manitoba takes over East Kildonan's debt but the provincial Public Utility Board has complete veto power over all spending. East Kildonan is made to pay the province back and it takes until 1952 before the last of the debt is paid off. For 19 years the elected council has no final say over its own finances.

July 1933 – All relief recipients owning a car or truck are told to turn in their license for the current year or go off relief.

July 1933 – Special Police Constables Walker and Russell are to be supplied with a suit of clothes but the cost is not to exceed \$15.00 each.

July 1933 – Messrs. H. Goodchild and B. A. Koper are appointed as relief firemen to cover the time while the regular firemen are on holidays. They are to be paid their relief plus \$10.00 per week.

August 1933 – Council told tax collections for period January 1 to July 31 1933 were \$107,139.43, the same period for 1932 was \$50,822.47.

August 1933 – East Kildonan School District levy for 1933 is \$85,000.00 with several debenture payments of the School District in default. The School Board asks for Council to pay all the current bills namely \$85,000.00 and then it can pay off the debentures in default and as long as the North Kildonan School pays the money it owes. Council says it is financially unable to do this.

August 1933 – Married men with families on relief are encouraged to seek harvest work as Council promises to only slightly lower the amount of relief paid to the family.

August 1933 – The car allowance for the Municipal Engineer is to be reduced to \$20.00 per month as of September 1933.

August 1933 – East Kildonan is to withhold any relief orders when the earnings of any relief recipients exceed \$10.00 per month.

August 1933 – The Engineer is directed to level the grounds of the St. Alphonsus School grounds.

August 1933 – Mr. R. M. Tracy Secretary Treasurer of the Kildonan and St. Paul Agricultural Society asks for water for the period of the fair from August 24-26 1933.

August 1933 – The Cancer Institute is given permission to hold a tag day on September 16 1933.

August 1933 – Council tells the East Kildonan School District that it can only pay a total of \$60,000.00 for 1933 because it is unable to borrow any more money, this leaves the School Division with a \$32,000 deficit for 1933.

September 1933 – The manager of the Roxy Theatre complains that boys are obstructing the sidewalks opposite the theatre.

September 1933 – Chief Coley tells Council that the recent East Kildonan Unemployment Association carnival at the Roxy Grounds was a nuisance.

September 1933 – The Province orders a re-registration of all those receiving relief benefits.

September 1933 – One of the special constables is to check speeders on Moncton and Gateway for a period of one week.

September 1933 – Mr. G. Robinson is to be hired for a period of 2 weeks to collect dog licenses at \$20.00 per week of which \$8.00 is to be his relief allowance and \$12.00 is to be paid in cash.

September 1933 – Mr. Alex Turk asks for permission to use two lots on the south side of Bowman between Brazier and Roch for a wood yard.

September 1933 – The Priests of St. Alphonsus Church ask for Donalda to be opened up where their residence is.

September 1933 – Council has 231 Munroe listed for rental at \$30.00 per month if possible.

September 1933 – Mr. Collopy sets up a wood yard at the northeast corner of Munroe and Watt.

September 1933 – The rent on 76 Leighton Avenue is \$22.50 per month.

September 1933 – The East Kildonan School Board is in default on its bonds; its finances are placed under the authority of the Public Utility Board. The school board loses its power to control its finances. Deep cuts are made by the Public Utility Board and class sizes reaches 50 students for some classes.

October 1933 – Mr. Tannasai of 724 Government is given permission to keep a cow on his property.

October 1933 – Council is to supply a certain amount of coal to relief cases to keep stoves heated for the nighttime period.

October 1933 – No loitering is to be allowed in the office of Mr. Clay in the Fire Hall and there must not be any soliciting of business in the presence of Municipal Employees.

October 1933 – The Ward One Community Rink is to fence the property used as a recreational ground lying between Brazier and Roch, Winterton and Ottawa.

October 1933 – Tamarac is to be bought at \$6.50 per cord and # 1 Poplar at \$4.00 per cord.

November 1933 – A new skating rink is placed on the grounds of St. Alphonsus Church; local residents provide all the money and all the labour to build and maintain the rink.

November 1933 – Two new constables are sworn in to replace the two constables laid off.

December 1933 – An anonymous letter is read stating that a cow is being kept in the garage of Mr. T. Sawchuk at 496 Winterton.

December 1933 – Heads of family are allowed to earn \$20.00 for the month of December only instead of \$10.00 before their relief benefits are reduced.

December 1933 – Reeve Allan is to receive a special indemnity of \$500.00 for the year above his regular indemnity of \$240.00 for the year.

December 1933 – The following employees receive a bonus of \$5.00 for the year

H. Thompson
J. W. Battershill
H. A. Leigh
J. Morrow
Miss D. Beasant
Miss A. Tompkins
A. Horsfall
T. Coley
W. Piper
F. Laker

G. King
J. Clay

January 1934 – Reeve W. P. Larsen, Councillors C. J. MacLeod, H. Payne, G. J. Pike, A. Taylor. Members of Council are to receive an indemnity of \$20.00 per month.

January 1934 – Council is informed that the total tax receipts for 1933 was \$200,897.87.

January 1934 – Bird's Hill Road (Molson) is blocked by snow, North Kildonan and East St. Paul ask East Kildonan to keep the road open during the winter.

January 1934 – Blatherwick's Service Station located at Melrose and Henderson is robbed several times. Mr. Blatherwick asks council for a streetlight to be erected in front of his station to deter holdups.

January 1934 – The food allowance for relief recipients is the following

1. Family of 2 - \$5.00 every 2 weeks
2. Family of 3 - \$6.85 every 2 weeks
3. Family of 4 - \$8.60 every 2 weeks
4. Family of 5 - \$10.35 every 2 weeks
5. Family of 6 - \$12.00 every 2 weeks
6. Family of 7 - \$13.65 every 2 weeks
7. Family of 8 - \$15.30 every 2 weeks

There is an additional \$1.20 for every additional family over 8 members every 2 weeks

January 1934 – East Kildonan Council is told Henderson Highway is in a dangerous condition because the Winnipeg Electric Company is pushing the snow off the streetcar tracks onto the road surface.

January 1934 – Council writes to both the Winnipeg Free Press and Winnipeg Tribune about the harmful publicity that East Kildonan has received.

January 1934 – East Kildonan pays the following amount for wood supplied to those on relief, poplar \$4.25 per cord, tamarac \$7.00 per cord, jackpine \$5.25 per cord.

January 1934 – The East Kildonan School Board tells council that the school board levy of \$60,000.00 ordered by council is not enough to run the schools.

January 1934 – The fire department's 80 gallon chemical fire engine is given hub runners to allow it to travel on snow covered roads.

February 1934 – Council is told the price of wood is rising, it must now pay \$4.75 for a cord of poplar.

February 1934 – East Kildonan feels that fire insurance rates for East Kildonan are too high compared to other municipalities.

February 1934 – The cost of printing 200 copies of the Auditor’s Report is \$35.00, printing 8,500 water account statements \$27.70 and 5,000 envelopes \$14.25.

February 1934 – The City of Winnipeg is to charge East Kildonan and other municipalities with water under pressure at 14.5 cents per 1,000 gallons minus the special discounts.

February 1934 – Modern Dairies is supplying milk for relief purposes at 9 cents per quart.

February 1934 – Council gives notice to the Winnipeg Electric Company that it is giving a one-year notice, to cancel the company’s monopoly for supplying power to buildings north of Munroe Avenue. Council is unhappy with the company’s snow clearing of its streetcar tracks and this is one way to get back at the company.

February 1934 – The Relief Committee rules that all dental work required by those on relief must be approved by the committee before the work is done. The only exception to this rule is for dental extractions. The committee doesn’t want to pay for what it feels is expensive and unnecessary work.

February 1934 – The Municipal Commissioner’s levy is set at \$4,064.76 for 1934 and the Greater Winnipeg Water District levy is set at \$13,366.65.

March 1934 – The rising cost of wood causes the municipality to purchase only poplar for relief purposes.

March 1934 – The East Kildonan School Board tells Council that school levy approved by Council will leave the school board with a deficit of \$7686.07.

March 1934 – An East Kildonan resident is cut off relief because it is found he has a bank account at The Bank of Commerce.

March 1934 – Council is to rent 338 Leighton for \$15.00 per month.

March 1934 – Mill Rates for 1934
General Municipal Rate including Relief – 30.0 Mills
Debenture Rate - .97 Mills
Greater Winnipeg Water District – 12.5 Mills
Municipal Commissioner’s Levy – 1.23 Mills
Watermain District – 2.9 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One - .9 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Two - .6 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.2 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 4.7 Mills
Sewer District 2 – 4.2 Mills

March 1934 – Piggly Wiggly stores are struck off the list of businesses eligible to supply groceries to persons on relief because it has given credit to help those whose food allowance is insufficient to live on.

March 1934 – As of February 28 1934, East Kildonan is paying the municipal taxes for 321 families on relief.

March 1934 – The price of a 16-ounce loaf of bread wrapped and delivered for relief recipients is 4.4 cents.

March 1934 – Council is to sell 178 Canterbury for \$1,525.00 with \$125.00 of that in cash and with East Kildonan paying the necessary repairs, which are estimated at \$175.00.

March 1934 – Council is to rent 231 Munroe for \$30.00 per month.

March 1934 – Council decides to put stop signs at the following locations

1. all streets and avenues entering Henderson Highway
2. on Henderson Highway at the street railway south of Rossmere Avenue
3. at the intersections of Montrose, Bowman and Jamison on the west side of Watt St.
4. at the intersection of Washington on both sides of Watt St.

March 1934 – Council is informed the price of poplar has risen to \$5.00 a cord and even at that price it is hard to get. Council passes motion to supply coal instead because it is cheaper.

March 1934 – The school board informs council that it has a staff of 48 teachers, 1 secretary, 4-day caretakers and 1 night caretaker at its 4 schools. There are 2023 student in East Kildonan, an average of 42 students per teacher. East Kildonan Collegiate has 317 students.

April 1934 – The total clothing budget available to all those on relief in East Kildonan is \$500.00 for the month of April.

April 1934 – Council is told that the rental cost of homes for relief purposes is much higher in East Kildonan than anywhere in Greater Winnipeg.

April 1934 – There is a serious outbreak of measles reported in East Kildonan.

April 1934 – The land bordered by Roch to the west, Watt St. on the east, Melrose (Kimberly) on the north and Chelsea on the south is turned over to the East Kildonan Football Club for 1934. The land was taken away from a larger piece of land that had been used for grazing cattle.

May 1934 – Council is informed that there is a problem of garbage and debris around local stores.

May 1934 – Father D. J. O'Donnell of St. Alphonsus Church asks for the gravelling of Munroe between Brazier and St. Alphonsus Church.

May 1934 – Council raises the salary of Mr. A. Horsfall to \$100.00 per month and Mr. J. Morrow to \$120.00 per month.

May 1934 – Mr. F. W. Lange on behalf of the Ward One Married Men's Softball Team asks for the loan of 15-16 foot planks to erect a backstop on the Ward One Community Grounds.

May 1934 – Those on relief can now get their supplies at any store in Greater Winnipeg. East Kildonan is forced to comply because of new provincial legislation dealing with relief.

May 1934 – The 2 special police constables are laid off.

June 1934 – The minimum wage in Manitoba for adult males is 25 cents per hour, 15 cents per hour for women and boys. There are many complaints as many people are paid below this rate.

June 1934 – The East Kildonan United Labor-Farmer Association is given permission to hold picnics on Sunday afternoons to the north of Oakview between the power lines and the C. P. R. Tracks.

June 1934 – The Morse Place streetcar shelter is badly vandalized again. Bicycle riding on Morse Place sidewalks is becoming a regular nuisance.

June 1934 – Heads of families working 44 hours per week are not eligible for any relief benefits regardless of how much they make.

June 1934 – The Provincial Government tells Council that East Kildonan has the highest individual cost of relief per person of any municipality in Manitoba including the City of Winnipeg and asks why.

June 1934 – Businesses in the vicinity of the Roxy Theatre complain that gangs of young men are congregating on the sidewalk in front of their businesses interfering with their customers and directing comments towards passersby's.

June 1934 – The Province directs that East Kildonan to reduce the fluctuating voucher with can be used for anything.

Family of 2 from \$1.10 every 2 weeks to \$1.00 every 2 weeks.

Family of 3 from \$1.35 every 2 weeks to \$1.20 every 2 weeks

Family of 4 from \$1.65 every 2 weeks to \$1.45 every 2 weeks

Family of 5 from \$1.85 every 2 weeks to \$1.60 every 2 weeks
Family of 6 from \$2.20 every 2 weeks to \$1.90 every 2 weeks
Family of 7 from \$2.40 every 2 weeks to \$2.05 every 2 weeks
Family of 8 from \$2.60 every 2 weeks to \$2.20 every 2 weeks

June 1934 – Mr. R. Goodchild is to be given his relief plus \$10.00 per month for assisting in the Relief Department in the Fire Hall.

June 1934 – The St. Boniface Home for the Aged and Infirm tells Council that it has space available for East Kildonan residents. The rate is 75 cents per day for walking patients and \$1.25 per day for bedridden patients. The rate for those unable to pay where the municipality pays the charge is 50 cents per day for walking patients and \$1.00 per day for bedridden patients.

July 1934 – Council orders 76 Dunrobin Avenue to be demolished.

July 1934 – A group of young people ask for permission to build a shale tennis court on Bronx east of Roch.

July 1934 – Mr. F. E. Holloway of 486 Roberta is given permission to have 3 pairs of mink for a mink farm.

July 1934 – The Federal Government is to cut its share of direct relief costs from 33 1/3 % to 25%.

July 1934 – Council orders 237 Bowman and 895 Bowman to be demolished.

July 1934 – East Kildonan is to do an inventory of the machinery of the former Kildonan Canning Company Plant on Bowman now owned by East Kildonan to ensure the machinery doesn't go missing.

August 1934 – A resident of Melbourne Avenue complains to council about leeches coming through the water pipes into his home.

August 1934 – Council is told by the Provincial Government that only 713 men in East Kildonan had accepted harvest work and of this total only 434 are single men. Council is told that all fit individuals should do harvest work if they are unemployed.

August 1934 – The Province orders the relief food allowance to be cut by 5 cents per individual every 2 weeks on September 1 1934.

August 1934 – The fire department reports stones coming up through the fire hydrants.

September 1934 – The average clothing allowance for people on relief is \$3.62, per person for the year but the Provincial Government orders this rate to be cut by 15 % to \$3.06 per person per year. East Kildonan protests this cut pointing out this will lead to

more sickness and possibly deaths. The Provincial Government also orders East Kildonan to cut the rent allowance by 20%. Council points out that 50 % of these families own their own homes and this will lead to bank foreclosures but the Provincial Government insists.

September 1934 – Council protests to the Provincial Government about the policy of burying deceased single men at the relief camps and instead demands that their bodies be brought back to the communities to where they came from whenever possible.

September 1934 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District is to raise the rate it charges for water to area municipalities to 4.5 cents per 1,000 gallons as of January 1 1935.

September 1934 – A meeting is held at Prince Edward School to protest the undesirability of having the Radio Oil Refinery being situated so close to homes and a school.

October 1934 – The school board tells council that a large number of students have no textbooks. Textbooks have to be bought by parents and there is no relief allowance for the purchase of textbooks.

October 1934 – Council is to rent 171 Bronx for \$20.00 per month down from \$25.00 per month.

October 1934 – The Province tells Council that it is alarmed to see that there were 9 more individuals on relief in August 1934 as compared to August 1933.

October 1934 – There are complaints about the condition of the Prince Edward School grounds.

October 1934 – East Kildonan is to spend \$750.00 on clothing for relief purposes for October 1934.

October 1934 – Mr. S. J. Woodell Secretary of the Progressive Unemployment Association of East Kildonan (a more radical association than the East Kildonan Unemployment Association) asks for permission to speak to Council.

October 1934 – There are more complaints about the odor coming from the Radio Oil Refinery. Council is reminded that Radio Oil is the largest taxpayer in East Kildonan.

October 1934 – There are 43 appeals of tax assessments but they are all dismissed.

November 1934 – Parking is restricted to 30 minutes on the east side of Henderson Highway between the southern limits and Ottawa Avenue.

November 1934 – Mrs. M. Hutchinson is to receive a Mother's Allowance of \$46.50 per month.

November 1934 – Three coats are purchased for the fire department at a cost of \$27.00.

November 1934 – Mr. John Disput of 543 Chelsea and Mr. Mike Scoran of 575 Melbourne are charged for plowing up land owned by East Kildonan without permission.

November 1934 – The price of poplar cordwood is set at \$4.50 per cord.

November 1934 – There are more complaints about people driving cars on the school grounds. The school caretakers are asked to catch and prevent cars from driving on the grounds. They are also asked to impound the cars and hold the occupants for the police.

December 1934 – Miss Seale of East Kildonan Collegiate falls and injures herself while on duty on the grounds of Lord Wolseley School. Her doctor's and hospital bill of \$57.00 is paid by Council. The East Kildonan School Boards ask that the grounds be graded in the Spring.

December 1934 – The School Board tells Council that it has received \$61,500.00 from Council but it will require another \$7,000.00 to \$8,000.00 to keep the schools open in December and pay the teachers in full. Council tells the School Board it doesn't have that much money so the schools are closed early in December and the teachers only receive a part of their salary.

December 1934 – Mr. and Mrs. Morgan of 370 Washington complain that the skating rink at 376 Washington will cause them to be flooded out in the Spring.

December 1934 – Mr. H. Goodchild who is on relief tells Council that his wife left most of their clothes outside on the line and someone came by at night and stole them. He asks Council for a special clothing allowance to replace the clothing.

December 1934 – The number of people on relief in East Kildonan is now 2286, 25.4 % of the total population.

January 1935 – Reeve W. P. Larsen, Councillors C. J. MacLeod, H. Payne, T. Sorley, A. Taylor

Committees of Council

Finance Committee

Police Committee

Public Works Committee

Water and Light Committee

Relief Committee

Public Health and Mother's Allowance Committee

Fire Department Committee

Legislation Committee

East Kildonan Officers
Secretary Treasurer – H. Thompson
Engineer - J. W. Battershill
Assessor – J. W. Battershill
Plumbing, Electrical, Plumbing, Building and Sewer Inspector – J. W. Battershill
Relief Officer – J. W. Battershill
Pound Keeper – S. McPhail
Chief of Police and Sanitary Inspector – T. Coley
Acting Medical Officer – Dr. J. A. MacDougall
Fire Guardians – T. Coley, W. Piper, G. King, and F. Laker
Solicitors – MacKenzie, Campbell & Driscoll

January 1935 – People on relief are allowed to earn \$10.00 a month before their relief benefits are cut.

January 1935 – Council is to purchase Tamarac at \$7.00 per cord for relief purposes.

January 1935 – The equalized assessed value of East Kildonan is \$2,590,000.00, made up of acreage \$36,000.00, sub-divisions \$704,000.00 and buildings \$1,850,000.00.

January 1935 – Mr. H. Sells of 240 Melbourne is given permission to build a small skating rink 20 feet by 24 feet on a vacant lot to the west of his house.

January 1935 – The interest rate on all East Kildonan Municipal and East Kildonan School District bonds are reduced to 5% for 1935.

January 1935 – Council tables the report on whether to close the Municipal Well on Municipal property at the old Koenig Dairy on Bowman Avenue East.

January 1935 – The Roxy Theatre is to install a sprinkler system for fire protection.

January 1935 – East Kildonan Relief Officer Battershill is still sending unemployed single men to the single men's relief camp when the single men request it.

January 1935 – East Kildonan's tax receipts for 1934 are \$213,802.70.

January 1935 – St. Alphonsus Church turns over part of its property to East Kildonan to cover its tax bill.

January 1935 – East Kildonan takes over the Morse Place streetcar shelter. If the municipality had not been taken it, over the Winnipeg Electric Company was going to remove it because of repeated acts of vandalism.

January 1935 – Reports reach council of a number of watermains bursting, damaging resident's homes.

February 1935 – The food allowance for those on relief is increased by 5 cents per person every 2 weeks.

February 1935 – The Municipal Commissioner's levy is set at \$4,346.09 broken down into District Expenses – \$1,106.57
Old Age Pensions - \$1,740.89
County Purposes - \$28.42
Sanatorium Purposes - \$1,385.46
Soldier's Relief Purposes - \$84.75

February 1935 – Mill Rate
General Municipal Rate – 30.0 Mills
General Debenture Rate – 1.7 Mills
Municipal Commissioner's Levy – 1.4 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One - .91 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Two - .61 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.4 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 4.5 Mills
Sewer District 2 – 4.5 Mills
Watermain District – 2.6 Mills
School Rate – 25.8 Mills

February 1935 – Mr. A. Martin is re-appointed Chimney Sweep for East Kildonan.

February 1935 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District levy is set at \$12,598.57 for 1935.

February 1935 – Council goes on record as being opposed to the granting of a liquor license to any premises on Henderson Highway.

February 1935 – The Provincial Government asks East Kildonan to explain why its relief costs have increased by 4% in the past year while other suburban municipalities have reduced their relief costs by 3% to 24%.

March 1935 – A group of businessmen come to council seeking their support for building of a hotel at Washington and Henderson. The building is proposed to cost \$25,000.00 unfurnished with labour costs of \$6,000.00 with only East Kildonan residents to be hired. A petition circulated in Ward One is 67% in favour.

March 1935 – A horseshoe pitching club is allowed to use vacant land next to the Scottish Hall on Melrose (Kimberly) close to Henderson Highway.

March 1935 – East Kildonan asks for applications for men to act as police constables at a salary of \$83.00 each per month. The 2 men are also to help out with the fire department. One of the applicants is a veteran of the Northwest Rebellion of 50 years before.

March 1935 – The Provincial Government says it will place a public health nurse in East Kildonan if the municipality agrees to pay 50% of the costs or \$800.00 per year.

March 1935 – East Kildonan supports the proposal to build a Greater Winnipeg Sewage Disposal System.

March 1935 – The East Kildonan School District asks for a levy of \$82,182.96 for 1935.

March 1935 – The Morse Place Athletic Club is to use the property at the east end of the cricket field for a baseball field on the north side of Munroe.

March 1935 – The price of a cord of poplar is set at \$4.50.

March 1935 – McLeod Avenue is now gravelled to a point half a block east of Roch.

April 1935 – There is some limited gravelling of area streets, Woodlawn (Woodvale) is done from Oakview to Hazel dell.

April 1935 – The Ladies Auxiliary of the Progressive Unemployed Association speaks to Council in connection with bed linen for those on relief. If the municipality will supply the cotton sheets the women will cut and sew the sheets into bed linen and pillowcases.

April 1935 – Council asks the East Kildonan School Board to allow the public health nurse to use the Polson School Annex.

April 1935 – Mr. H. C. White is to rent 231 Munroe for \$27.50 per month.

April 1935 – East Kildonan asks the Provincial Government whether it would be possible for the R. C. M. P. to take over policing duties in East Kildonan.

April 1935 – The unemployed men of St. Alphonsus Church are given permission to use the land east of the Church and west of Roch for gardening purposes. This land was previously owned by the Church but turned over to East Kildonan to pay for its taxes.

May 1935 – Prince Edward School grounds are leveled and graded.

May 1935 – An extra team of horses and men are hired for one week to pick up the extra garbage in East Kildonan.

May 1935 – Applications come in to council for picnics on a new picnic site on what is now Centennial Park behind Neil Campbell School.

May 1935 – The municipality pays part of the costs of people moving onto farms outside the municipality.

May 1935 – Representatives of the Progressive Unemployment Associations, R. B. Cameron, E. Henry and E. McCaffrey ask for a cash allowance for relief cases.

May 1935 – The Ukrainian Young Peoples Society of Taras Shevchenko ask for the loan of some wood for a backstop on their baseball grounds.

May 1935 – A special allowance is to be given to relief recipients on the occasion of King George V 25th Jubilee.

May 1935 – The food allowance is to be raised in the case of newly born infants.

May 1935 – Package of seeds are to be bought at a cost of 33 cents for each family on relief so they may plant gardens to grow vegetables.

May 1935 – The Prince Edward School grounds are to be graded at the request of Mr. H. J. Ponting on behalf of the East Kildonan Football (Soccer) Club.

May 1935 – No barber having a shop of his own is to be given relief and any barber working full time for another will be assumed to be making \$12.00 per week and thus making him ineligible for relief.

June 1935 – Gravelling is done in Melbourne between Roch and Watt and on Helmsdale from Henderson to St. Stephen's Church. Gravel is placed on the bad sections of Brazier, Roch and Gateway.

June 1935 – The water pump is removed from the corner of Government and Wallace (London).

June 1935 – Mrs. Roxburgh at tenant at Linden House located at Linden and Kildonan Drive tells Council that people are trespassing on the property and adjoining property taking away trees, soil and bushes.

June 1935 – Total number of individuals on relief per month and monthly cost

May 1934 – 1,411 individuals on relief at a cost of \$10,032.58

April 1935 – 1,419 individuals on relief at a cost of \$10,963.57

May 1935 – 1279 individuals on relief at a cost of \$8,951.69

June 1935 – Joseph I. Walker is appointed as a Police Constable and Fireman along with G. J. Russell. (G. J. Russell had previously been a Police Constable and then head of the Fire Department when he was fired in February 1925 because thought he was involved in the theft of tools and coke from the Fire Hall.)

June 1935 – The cost a 16-ounce loaf of bread for relief recipients is to rise to 4.6 cents.

June 1935 – The Morse Place streetcar shelter is to be moved from just west of the C. P. R. Tracks on Munroe to just east of the tracks.

June 1935 – Miss Stella Soltys Secretary of the Ukrainian Young Women's League asks for permission to hold a picnic and bonfire at Bronx Park.

July 1935 – A culvert is installed under the sidewalk at Oakview and Henderson to reduce the flooding of the sidewalk.

July 1935 – Council is told that the Kildonan Canning Company is only paying women 15 cents per hour and steam engineers 30 cents per hour. Council refers the matter to the Provincial Government to see if this is in accordance with the Fair Wage Schedule.

July 1935 – Council purchases a new Underwood typewriter with a 14-inch cage for \$180.00 less a 10% discount for paying in cash.

July 1935 – The newly formed Olympian Athletic Club represented by James Pirie, Ivan Taylor, John Walker and K. McIvor explain the objectives of the new club and ask for suitable grounds for sports purposes. They ask that the Roxy Grounds (located north of Elmwood Park) and the Ward One-Community Grounds located between Ottawa and Winterton be given to them.

July 1935 – The police get new Khaki drill uniform with blue serge pants, Sam Brown belts and revolvers.

July 1935 – East Kildonan joins the Greater Winnipeg Sanitary District.

August 1935 – Men travelling on the railroads to farms for harvest work pay a reduced rate of 1.725 cents per mile for their fare.

August 1935 – Council rents 338 Leighton for \$15.00 per month for the summer months and \$12.00 per months for the winter months.

August 1935 – Council orders 470 Ottawa to be demolished and the lumber from the house is to be stored.

August 1935 – Council is told the cost of equipping the Firemen with new coats and pants is \$25.00 to \$30.00 per man.

August 1935 – Each relief recipient registered at the Fire Hall for the canning scheme is to receive 10 pounds of sugar.

September 1935 – Council is to sell 514 Hazeldell for \$275.00 cash and rent 180 Leighton for \$18.00 per month. Council is to rent 216 Ottawa for \$25.00 per month.

September 1935 – A new toilet bowl is to be bought and installed at a cost of \$15.00 at 313 Bowman.

September 1935 – The Provincial Government asks why the July 1935 relief cost for East Kildonan are higher than the July 1934 costs. The Provincial Government asks East Kildonan to reduce the cost of relief or it may cut back its financial support. Average cost of relief per individual in July 1934 when there were 1288 individuals \$6.05 per person per month. July 1935, 1200 individuals on relief at a cost of \$7.38 per person per month.

The Province has heard that some people on relief have been entering baseball tournaments when they should have been looking for work. It also states than anyone on relief receiving prizes such as sides of beef should be cut off from their food allowances for a period of 2 months. Council tables the matter and refuses to investigate the matter further.

September 1935 – Mr. J. Bethune is to look after the Morse Place streetcar shelter at \$5.00 per month.

September 1935 – Council is to rent 634 Hoskin for \$6.00 per month, 190 Greene for \$25.00 per month, 684 Prince Rupert for \$8.50 per month and 660 Linden for \$5.00 per month.

October 1935 – The Police Department gets dragging equipment to be used in cases of drowning.

October 1935 – A lean-to is built beside the fire hall to house the new motor patrol grader, which replaces the grader drawn by a team of horses.

October 1935 – The grader is run over part of the Lord Wolseley School grounds to level the field.

October 1935 – A cinder sidewalk is built on the south side of Roberta between Henderson and Brazier.

October 1935 – The Olympic Athletic Association builds an ice rink on the Roxy Grounds (Roosevelt Place) and have old boxcars placed on the grounds to be built into a warm up shelter.

October 1935 – The Federal Government is to contribute 20% of the cost of the new sewage disposal system for Greater Winnipeg up to a maximum of \$600,000.00.

October 1935 – There are a number of complaints about cars being stolen in East Kildonan.

October 1935 – The relief officer is allowed to spend \$750.00 for people needing clothes for the month of October.

November 1935 – It is reported to council that the stop sign at Watt and Munroe has been wrecked 5 times since a sign was placed on the corner.

November 1935 – The Reeve and Secretary – Treasurer sign an application to admit an East Kildonan woman to a” psychopathic ward” of some institution.

November 1935 – Mr. V. M. Snow on behalf of the Royal Athletic Club asks for permission to use property east of 220 Donaldda for a skating rink.

November 1935 – Council orders 634 Hoskin to be demolished in the Spring of 1936.

November 1935 – Those on relief are to receive an extra 5 cents per person every two weeks.

December 1935 – A tap is to be placed at Henderson Highway and Bredin Drive so the Olympic Club can flood their ice rink by themselves.

December 1935 – Mr. T. Sotham at 400 Roberta says he can not afford to pay the dog license fee for his German Shepherd dog because he is on a disability pension. He says he needs the dog for protection because he lives on the outskirts.

December 1935 – The assessment of Radio Oil’s new building and oil tanks are reduced to \$19,100.00.

December 1935 – Reeve Larsen receives a special bonus indemnity of \$500.00 on top of his regular Council indemnity giving him \$740.00 for the year.

December 1935 – St. Alphonsus School ask for financial help as the tuition charge only is bringing in \$75.00 per month while its costs are \$220.00 per month. There are 120 students attending the school with 85 of them from East Kildonan.

January 1936 – Reeve W. P. Larsen, Councillors A. Taylor, S. D. Brown, T. Sorley and H. Payne.

January 1936 – East Kildonan obtains title to 418 Washington, the land has an assessed value of \$180.00 and the house \$1,080.00 for a total assessed value of \$1,260.00. It is to be rented for \$10.00 per month.

January 1936 – Council pays the \$1.00 per year license fee for drivers working for the municipality and \$1.00 per year for the license plates for the municipal vehicles.

January 1936 – Council expresses its profound sorrow at the death of King George V and expresses its loyalty to the new King Edward VIII.

January 1936 – Council is to hire a truck and driver from Mr. F. Weedon for 3 days at a cost of \$40.00.

January 1936 – Tax receipts for 1935 totaled \$222,335.32.

January 1936 – Any extra help required for the Fire Department is to be paid 40 cents per hour.

January 1936 – The Municipal Offices are to be closed on January 28 1936 the day of the funeral of King George V.

January 1936 – The East Kildonan School Division asks for a levy of \$90,000.00 for 1936.

January 1936 – Budget for the Fire Department for 1936 - \$5,944.00
Budget for the Police Department for 1936 - \$5,083.00

January 1936 – East Kildonan's share of the Greater Winnipeg Sanitary District is 1.25% or \$4062.5 out \$325,000.00 that is needed to, build the sewage treatment plant.

January 1936 – The federal and provincial governments are now paying 80% of the cost of direct relief up from 75%.

February 1936 – The first of the 3 mink furs approved for the 300 block of Roberta Avenue is for Mr. G. P. Ronnander

February 1936 – Police Constables J. I. Walker and G. J. Russell salaries are rise to to \$100.00 a month.

February 1936 – The Municipal Commissioner's levy is set at \$4,599.00 for 1936 made up of

District Expenses - \$1,110.97
Old Age Pensions - \$1,929.48
County Purposes - \$27.83
Sanatorium Purposes – \$1,385.46
Soldier's Relief Purposes - \$98.88
Guaranty - \$21.00
Cancer Research - \$25.38

February 1936 – Municipal Mill Rate for 1936

General Municipal Rate – 30.0 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One – 1.9 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Two – 2.65 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.6 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 4.6 Mills
Sewer District 2 – 4.8 Mills
Municipal Water District – 1.6 Mills
Greater Winnipeg Water District – 14.5 Mills

General Debenture Rate – 2.3 Mills
Municipal Commissioner's levy – 1.5 Mills
School Rate – 25.8 Mills

February 1936 – The school board tells council that the school levy of \$80,000.00 is too low. Maintenance has been cut back so much that the school buildings are deteriorating; teachers salaries have been cut and the school enrollment is expected to increase. The total amount of money to be spent on teacher's salaries and other salaries for 1936 is \$60,564.00.

February 1936 – Fireman E. Fedberg's salary is raised to \$100.00 per month and Fireman G. King's salary is raised to \$120.00 per month

March 1936 – It is reported that single men over 18 can not receive relief.

March 1936 – Relief recipients must receive the permission of relief officer to change doctors.

March 1936 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District Levy is set at \$12,598.57 for 1936.

March 1936 – The Rufnex Athletic Club is renting 260 Bowman for a clubhouse.

March 1936 – The sum of \$2,000.00 is allocated per quarter for payment of hospital bills for those unable to pay.

March 1936 – Mr. W. Harasymchuk is to be settled under the Rural Rehabilitation Scheme.

March 1936 – The rent that is now charged for 231 Munroe is \$25.00 per month.

March 1936 – The Police are to investigate the occupant of 250 Dunrobin for having a key for the water tap without authorization.

April 1936 – The Olympian Athletic Club has 2 boxcars placed on the Roxy Grounds to serve as a clubhouse and acquires some canoes for water sports.

April 1936 – The East Kildonan Unemployment Association tells Council that it wants to use Prince Edward School for its meetings but the School Board requires a fee of \$1.00 to pay for the janitor. They want Council to pay this amount, as they can not afford to raise \$1.00 per meeting.

April 1936 – Council appropriates \$75.00 to carry out the immunization of 200 children for diphtheria. Under the care of Dr. C. H. A. Walton the Medical Health Officer Each child requires 37.5 cents to fully immunize each child with 3 injections.

April 1936 – The caretaker of the Morse Place streetcar shelter reports he is having a lot of trouble with boys and youths.

April 1936 – Mr. F. A. Maurer of 412 Hazeldell complains about the condition of the roads in his vicinity. He asks for the roads to be graded.

April 1936 – The price of a 16-ounce loaf of bread delivered for relief recipient rises to 5 cents.

May 1936 – The police ask for a cruiser car for the district as it is impossible to give the service that is demanded by the municipality.

May 1936 – Trees are to be planted on the grounds of Prince Edward School with the cooperation of the Prince Edward Parents and Teachers Association.

May 1936 – East Kildonan obtains title to 3 Hughson which is assessed for \$1,070.00 and which is to be rented for \$12.00 per month and Council is to rent 305 Dunrobin for \$5.00 per month.

May 1936 – The lane between Oakview and Hazel dell is gravelled between Henderson and Brazier; trucks using it as a short cut had heavily damaged it.

May 1936 – The fire department reports that the fire hall floor is sinking and the foundation of the building is in a bad state of repair.

May 1936 – It is reported that the side walk repair wagon is in a bit state of repair and it will have to be repaired or replaced.

May 1936 – The brush is cleared off the southeast corner of Munroe and Henderson for a children's playground.

May 1936 – There are complaints about the dust levels on Watt St.

May 1936 – The Parents and Teachers Association at Lord Wolseley School ask for Council's help in planting trees on the school grounds. They want a 8 foot wide strip to be plowed in front of the school and alongside Leighton Avenue from Henderson to the back of the school as this is where the trees will be planted. The trees are to be planted in the Spring of 1937.

June 1936 – Reports reach council about the large number of caterpillars on the trees along the riverbank.

June 1936 – It is reported that the average cost of relief per individual per month for the first part of 1936 is \$9.06, in 1935 the figure was \$8.85 and for the first part of 1934 it was \$8.42. The Provincial Government continues to be unhappy with the rising costs in East Kildonan as compared to declining numbers in most municipalities. It is estimated that a third of East Kildonan's population is on full relief, unemployed but not receiving relief or where the family head only has part time employment.

June 1936 – Complaints reach council that Bowman Avenue now gravelled is becoming a speedway.

June 1936 – The Municipal Offices are to be closed on June 23 1936 the King's Birthday.

June 1936 – Regular presenters to city council are the Unemployed Association of East Kildonan and the more radical Progressive Unemployed Association.

June 1936 – Residents on Munroe Avenue between Henderson and Brazier want speeding traffic reduced to 15 mph.

June 1936 – Owners of stables on streets with sewer and water are given 3 months to connect them to sewer and water.

June 1936 – The St. Alphonsus baseball grounds are graded.

July 1936 – From January 1 to June 30 1936 police courts handle the following cases for East Kildonan, 41 Highway Traffic Act violations, 92 By-law violations, 8 Criminal Code violations and 1 "Mental case". East Kildonan receives \$204.00 in revenue from fines.

July 1936 – The Canadian Red Cross Society is given permission to hold a tag day in East Kildonan.

July 1936 – Norman MacGowan Secretary-Treasurer of the East Kildonan Self Help Centre asks Council for a grant to cover the rental price of their office which will be \$25.00 to \$30.00 per month.

July 1936 – The total number of businesses in East Kildonan with tobacco, cigar and cigarette licenses

24 Full Licenses costing \$28.00 per year

1-3/4 License costing \$21.00 per year

2- 1/2 Licenses costing \$14.00 per year

August 1936 – The rent for 501 Bowman is set at \$5.00 per month for the barbershop area and \$8.00 per month for the two rooms of living quarters.

August 1936 – Council is to rent 76 Leighton for \$22.50 per month.

August 1936 – The maximum allowance paid for the burial of those people who died while on relief is \$40.00.

September 1936 - It is reported the well opposite 465 Oakview Avenue has gone dry. A new well is dug opposite 479 Oakview.

September 1936 – Radio Oil is to put up a new building at their refinery at a cost of \$100,000.00.

September 1936 - East Kildonan passes a motion to provide \$10,000.00 for its share of the sewage disposal plant.

September 1936 – Mr. R. Kowalski is given the privilege of picking out scrap iron and other materials from the nuisance grounds for \$2.00 per month.

September 1936 – Mr. F. W. Lange and others are given permission to use the vacant land on the south side of Melbourne between Mr. Kinnear and Mr. Sells for a skating rink.

September 1936 – East Kildonan asks the Federal Government to enact legislation to include East Kildonan in the Winnipeg-St. Boniface Harbour District. West Kildonan is asked to join as well.

October 1936 – The price for a cord of poplar for relief purposes rises to \$5.25.

October 1936 – Those on relief are to receive an extra 7 cents per individual every 2 weeks.

October 1936 – The health officer reports an epidemic of infantile paralysis (polio) in East Kildonan.

October 1936 - The police receive reports that a resident of the 300 block of Jamison has put nails into the back lane.

October 1936 – There are reports of cows grazing on municipal lands near the C.P.R. tracks without the permission of Council.

November 1936 – Rents charged for properties newly obtained in tax sales

671 Montrose - \$10.00 per month

445 Winterton - \$12.00 per month

214 Connery - \$5.00 per month

830 Bowman - \$5.00 per month

November 1936 – Council hears there may be racketeering in connection to wood supplied to relief recipients.

December 1936 – The skating rink of the East Kildonan Unemployed Boys Club opens at 564 Washington. The rink is 180 feet by 90 feet.

December 1936 – The price of cord wood for relief purposes
Poplar - \$4.75 per cord
Pine - \$5.50 per cord
Tamarac - \$7.00 per cord

December 1936 – An ice rink 170 feet by 65 feet is to be built on the north side of Trent opposite 458 Trent.

December 1936 – Council rents 186 Leighton for \$32.50 per month and 171 Bronx for \$20.00 per month.

December 1936 – Council orders the ice rink at Brazier and Melrose (Kimberly) to be flooded.

December 1936 – The food voucher for those on relief is increased by 5 cents per person every 2 weeks.

December 1936 – The police start using the filling station located at Sydney and Henderson as a office during the night. The municipality pays the owner \$15.00 a year for the use of the office and phone. The owner is happy to have the police use his station as he feels it will prevent his station from being the victim of crime.

December 1936 – Council allows relief recipients to make \$20.00 for the month of December instead of \$10.00 before their relief is reduced.

December 1936 – The Police are now stationed at the fire hall on Watt on the weekends.

December 1936 – The East Kildonan School Board asks council for another \$1500.00 because it reopened the Polson School Annex which was closed in 1931 to save money. This was necessary because East Kildonan Collegiate was terribly overcrowded at Lord Wolseley where there were 50 students in each room. The Annex housed 2 classes of students from East Kildonan Collegiate but the municipal council refuses to supply the \$1500.00.

January 1937 – Reeve W. P. Larsen, Councillors A. Taylor, T. Sorley, S. D. Brown and H. Payne

January 1937 – East Kildonan's equalized Assessment is set at \$2,460,000.00 for 1938 made up of \$743,000.00 in Land and \$1,717,000.00 in Buildings.

January 1937 – It is reported that the tax receipts for 1936 was \$211,481.44.

January 1937 – East Kildonan is to borrow \$150,000.00 from the Imperial Bank to meet current expenditures.

January 1937 – The Provincial Government sends a letter to the East Kildonan School District in connection with the School Board opening the Polson School Annex and spending money without first seeking the approval of the Municipal and Public Utility Board.

January 1937 – East Kildonan obtains title to 541 Henderson Highway and intends to rent it for \$20.00 per month.

January 1937 – East Kildonan asks for better streetcar service during rush hour.

February 1937 – The following streets are advertised for gravelling.

1. Bowman from Henderson to Watt
2. Washington from Watt to Raleigh
3. Munroe from Brazier to Watt
4. Oakview from Henderson to Kildonan Drive
5. Hazel dell from Henderson to Woodland
6. Linden from Henderson to Woodland
7. Linden from Henderson to Brazier
8. Leighton from Henderson to near the river

February 1937 – The Municipal Commissioner's levy is set at \$4,581.30 for 1937.

February 1937 – The Batterlers's Club is given permission to sell soft drinks at the Ward Two Community Rink on Roberta Avenue.

February 1937 – The East Kildonan School District asks for a levy of \$90,361.85 for 1937.

February 1937 – Those on relief are to be given 5 cents extra per individual every two weeks.

February 1937 – Mill Rate
General Municipal Rate – 30.0 Mills
Municipal Commissioner's Levy – 1.5 Mills
General Debentures – 3.4 Mills
Greater Winnipeg Water District – 15.8 Mills
Schools – 26.4 Mills
Watermain District – 1.3 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 4.7 Mills
Sewer District 2 – 5.0 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One - .92 Mills

Street Lighting Ward Two - .68 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.75 Mills

February 1937 – East Kildonan buys wood for relief purposes at \$8.00 a cord for tamarac, \$6.50 for pine, \$5.50 for poplar.

February 1937 – Complaints come to council that the Elmwood Fuel Company is supplying an inferior grade of coal.

March 1937 – The total assessment value of all property in East Kildonan is \$3,042,580.00 for 1937 but it will drop by \$582,580.00 in 1938.

March 1937 – Mr. J. Kirkpatrick Secretary Treasurer of the Scotia Athletic Club asks for a cord of wood for the club.

March 1937 – Mrs. John Turnbull of 443 Bredin Drive complain about the loudspeaker being used at the Community Rink at the Roxy Grounds.

March 1937 – Mr. J. C. M. Carson Chairman of the Beautify East Kildonan section of the East Kildonan Board of Trade suggests that East Kildonan establish a park in Fraser's Grove.

March 1937 – Bondholders of East Kildonan Municipal and School Bonds suggest that Council cut the proposed budget for 1937. East Kildonan is to pay 3.5% interest on outstanding bonds for 1937, 4% in 1938 and 5% in 1939 and following years.

March 1937 – East Kildonan pays the going rate for a teamster and his team 75 cents per hour.

March 1937 – Council is to rent 126 Roberta for \$15.00 per month.

March 1937 – The East Kildonan budget for relief is \$146,509.00 for 1937.

March 1937 – The Winnipeg Hydro Electrical System is given permission to build a double circuit 13,000-volt transmission line on Raleigh from the southern to northern limits.

March 1937 – The Prince Edward Legion is to use Bronx Park for holding the Coronation Celebrations for King George VI.

March 1937 – The two senior levels of government reduce their share of direct relief costs from 80% to 70%.

April 1937 – C. Sheppard and A. J. MacKay announce plans to establish a canoe club for East Kildonan. They are interesting in obtaining 200 feet of river frontage along

Oakview and build a 40-foot by 40-foot clubhouse and build a dock. Council suggests a site along Linden.

April 1937 – The Olympian Athletic Club is now branching out into figure skating and they have been approached to take over a football club and the Roxy Girls Baseball Team.

April 1937 – East Kildonan school children are to be invited to the Coronation Ceremonies at the Parliament Building ground (Legislative grounds). The East Kildonan Coronation Ceremonies will also include children with the proceeding beginning at 1:30 PM consisting of sports events and followed by a bonfire and refreshments.

May 1937 – Council is told that a water tap located at Munroe and Gateway with a sewer connection would cost \$80.00.

May 1937 – The Scotia Athletic Club is located on Parish Lot 92 west of Henderson Highway.

May 1937 – Council is told of youths loitering between the hours of 1-3 AM. These youths are involved in stealing cars and other criminal acts.

May 1937 - The woodyard operating at Watt and Washington is charged for breaking the sidewalk in front of their yard. Residents petition for the removal of the woodyard.

May 1937 – Daylight Saving Time is adopted in East Kildonan because the City of Winnipeg goes on it but Council is opposed to the general idea in principle until adjustments are made in the hours of labour.

May 1937 – The Red Cross is given permission to hold a tag day in East Kildonan on May 8 1937.

May 1937 – The rent for 684 Prince Rupert is raised to \$12.00 per month.

May 1937 – The Coronation Committee is given a grant of \$50.00, loans lumber to build the platform for the ceremonies and a course is graded for the children's races.

May 1937 – Gambling is reported to be occurring along the riverbank.

June 1937 – MacDonald Grocery Store reports it has been broken into for the eighth time.

June 1937 – The East Kildonan School Board is asked to provide a room at Prince Edward School for the Public Health Nurse Miss Barratt.

June 1937 – It is reported that 67% of children have not been vaccinated for small pox.

June 1937 – The residents of Kildonan Drive complain about all the worms on the trees in their area.

June 1937 – Council orders 551 Greene Avenue to be demolished.

June 1937 – Council raises the salaries of
Mr. H. A. Leigh to \$180.00 per month
Mr. J. Morrow to \$140.00 per month
Mr. A. Horsfall to \$140.00 per month
Mr. W. Southall to \$100.00 per month

July 1937 – The maintenance cost for the pavement on Henderson Highway in East Kildonan come to \$300.00 for the year.

July 1937 – Norman Messenger and Charles Surgeoner start a mink farm at 324 Dunrobin, the nearest house is 200 feet away.

July 1937 – The police are ordered to disperse the gang loitering at the corner of Roch and Jamison.

July 1937 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District is to raise the price of water charged to area municipalities to 5 cents per 1,000 gallons from 4.5 cents per 1,000 gallons.

July 1937 – The empty house at 141 Rossmere Avenue is to be repaired and the property is to be protected from further vandalism.

July 1937 – Mike Seepish is to be granted the privilege of sorting through the garbage at the Nuisance Grounds for a fee of \$2.00 per month.

July 1937 – The rats living in the vacant home at 408 Bowman are to be exterminated so the house can be rented for \$22.50 per month.

July 1937 - A water tap is placed in the first block of Munroe east of Gateway, on the north side, 4 lots east from Gateway.

August 1937 – No parking signs are placed on the north side of Munroe between Brazier and Roch. A stop sign is erected at the northeast corner of Moncton and Gateway.

August 1937 – A motion is passed by council to crack down on speeders on Henderson Highway passes.

August 1937 – A water tap is to be built to serve the residents of Montrose (Nottingham) near the Molson Cut Off.

September 1937 – Council orders 300 Linden Avenue to be demolished.

September 1937 – Polio is again reported in East Kildonan.

September 1937 – Council announces that it is willing to sell 401 Winterton for \$1,500.00, 302 Linden for \$400.00 to \$500.00, 214 Connery for \$300.00 and 30 Oakview for \$1,500.00.

September 1937 – Council is told that the well at the rear of 246 Melbourne is still useable.

September 1937 – Council is to rent 504 McLeod for \$15.00 per month.

September 1937 – The school board tells council that the incidences of vandalism at East Kildonan schools are increasing.

September 1937 – Mr. Sereda of United Co-Operative Society tells council that his society is being discriminated against because council has not listed as a supplier of fuel for relief. Council responds by listing his society as an approved supplier.

October 1937 – It is reported that there are 7 barbershops and 4 beautyshops in East Kildonan.

October 1937 – A water tap is to be installed at Brazier and Leighton.

October 1937 – Miss Agnes Jeffrey is to be hired as a stenographer in the Secretary Treasurer's Office at \$65.00 per month.

October 1937 – East Kildonan is to rent 501 Bowman for \$20.00 per month.

October 1937 – The rate charged for people entitled to use the water standpipes is 75 cents per quarter.

October 1937 – The floating voucher for relief is reduced by 5 cents per person every 2 weeks. The floating voucher can be used for a number of different types of items. This makes a total cut of 17 cents per individual every two weeks in the last two months. Council protests this decision to the Provincial Government as the cost of living is rising. The new rates are.

Family of 2 - \$1.30 every 2 weeks

Family of 3 - \$1.65 every 2 weeks

Family of 4 - \$2.05 every 2 weeks

Family of 5 - \$2.35 every 2 weeks

Family of 6 - \$2.80 every 2 weeks

Family of 7 - \$3.10 every 2 weeks

Family of 8 - \$3.40 every 2 weeks

Family of 9 - \$3.70 every 2 weeks

For each additional family member \$1.30.

October 1937 – A new stove is purchased for the fire hall at a cost of \$19.00 and 150 feet of new fire hose at a cost of \$157.50.

October 1937 – The wage rate for skilled labourers is raised to 42.5 cents per hour up for 40 cents for work down for East Kildonan.

November 1937 – The school nurse tells council she is looking after 270 cases in East Kildonan.

November 1937 – Council is to demolish 835 Hoskin.

November 1937 – A 1938 Henderson's Directory is purchased for \$18.00.

November 1937 – Council is to rent
302 Linden for \$9.00 per month
307 Jamison for \$15.00 per month
584 Melbourne for \$14.00 per month

November 1937 – The East Kildonan Buccaneers Athletic Club is to establish an ice rink at the southwest corner of Melbourne and Roch.

November 1937 – A ice rink is established at the southwest corner of Melbourne and Roch.

November 1937 – The East Kildonan Speed Skating rink is located at the corner of Brazier and Donalda.

November 1937 – The food allowance for relief recipients is increased 5 cents per person every 2 weeks.

December 1937 – A special extra food voucher for 75 cents is given for the last 2 weeks of December for each person on relief.

December 1937 – The sewer rental charge is set at 5 cents per room per quarter for residential homes and 5 cents per 1,000 gallons of water used for industrial purposes.

December 1937 – East Kildonan gives an additional extra Christmas voucher for small families on relief, 75 cents for a family of 1 and 2, families of 3 are given 50 cents.

January 1938 – Reeve W. P. Larsen, Councillors T. Sorley, G. Suttie, S. D. Brown and H. Payne

January 1938 – It is reported that the total tax revenue for 1937 is \$218,677.37.

January 1938 - The East Kildonan police report that the word "OK" is being forged on wood orders that have been rejected by the relief officer.

January 1938 – The following departments are in existence in East Kildonan;

1. Finance
2. Police
3. Public Works
4. Water and Light
5. Relief
6. Public Health
7. Mother's Allowance
8. Fire Department
9. Legislation

January 1938 – The police department's expense account is raised by \$1000.00 per year.

January 1938 – The agents for the collection of water accounts and sewer rental accounts
S. Batt – 393 Henderson Highway
H. Booker – 473 Henderson Highway
W. Anderson Company – 770 Moncton
F. Benderski – 498 Jamison

January 1938 – The Municipal Commissioner's levy is set at \$4,739.70 for 1938.

January 1938 – There is an epidemic of polio in Manitoba and as a result the Provincial Government announces that it will provide a short period of free hospitalization for those with residual paralysis.

January 1938 – There were 3 building permits issued for new homes in 1937, 36 for alterations or additions, 14 for the construction of garages, 1 for a new store and dwelling and 1 for a manufacturing plant for an total estimate value of \$45,000.00.

January 1938 – Council is to rent 180 Leighton for \$25.00 per month.

January 1938 – East Kildonan budgets for total receipts of \$368,345.41 and \$370,203.99 in disbursements for 1938.

January 1938 – Miss Dartnell is appointed a stenographer for \$65.00 per month.

February 1938 – The Blue Bell Taxi Company starts in business in East Kildonan with 2 cabs; the Red Patch Taxi Company later buys it out. The license fee is set at \$2.50 per cab for a 6-month license.

February 1938 – The East Kildonan School District asks for a levy of \$85,000.00 for 1938 but this figure is cut back to \$80,525.00.

February 1938 – Mr. A. Matheson is appointed a clerk in the Secretary Treasurer's Office for \$115.00 per month.

February 1938 – Municipal Mill Rates
General Municipal – 30.0 Mills
General Debenture – 3.3 Mills
Municipal Commissioner's Levy – 1.6 Mills
Watermain District – 1.2 Mills
Sewer District 1 – 5.3 Mills
Sewer District 2 – 5.8 Mills
Street Lighting Ward One - .92 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Two - .72 Mills
Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.85 Mills
Greater Winnipeg Water District – 15.5 Mills
Schools – 27.3 Mills

March 1938 – The food allowance is raised another 5 cents per person every 2 weeks for those on relief.

March 1938 – Approval is given for the Morse Place Community Rink to move from Government Avenue to the north side of the first block of Prince Rupert east of Gateway so it may offer summer programs.

March 1938 – J. G. Koper is given permission to raise minks at 450 McLeod.

March 1938 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District levy for 1938 is set at \$11,282.20.

March 1938 – The Imperial Bank grants East Kildonan a credit of \$75,000.00 for 1938.

March 1938 – The fee for a store to sell tobacco, cigars and cigarettes is \$18.00 a year.

March 1938 – The Canoe Club joins the Olympian Athletic Club at the Roxy Grounds.

March 1938 – The Morse Place Baseball Club gets approval to use the area north of Munroe in Morse Place.

April 1938 – Lumber is loaned to the Morse Place Baseball Club for a backstop and bleachers.

April 1938 - The Fire Department buys 200 feet of hose to replace the worn out hose.

April 1938 – The Greater Winnipeg Sanitary District applies for a further loan of \$73,000.00 to build the sewage treatment plant. East Kildonan's share of this loan of 1.1% or \$803.00.

April 1938 – Council is to rent 243 Winterton for \$22.00 monthly and the summer cottage at 864 Kildonan Drive for \$100.00 for the season.

May 1938 – Oil is used to hold down dust on Munroe Avenue.

May 1938 – Residents of the 400 block of Munroe get council to lower the speed limit on that part of Munroe to 10 mph because Polson School is located on that block.

May 1938 – Reports reach council that the Radio Oil Company is using a private well on its premises to avoid paying for water from the watermains. It does however, dump all the used water down the sewers.

May 1938 – Complaints reach council about the two woodyards at Watt and Munroe and the southeast corner of Ottawa and Watt. These two companies are blocking the sidewalks with their firewood.

May 1938 – The maximum amount of relief any large family can receive per month is \$80.00 during the winter and \$70.00 during the summer but the Provincial Government feels \$80.00 is too high.

May 1938 – Woodland (Woodvale) is to be opened between Hazeldell and Linden.

May 1938 – Council is to rent
456 Jamison for \$15.00 per month
601 Munroe for \$12.00 per month
386 Oakview for \$12.00 per month
487 Melbourne for \$15.00 per month

May 1938 – Council is informed that 300 school age children need to be vaccinated for diphtheria.

June 1938 – There are reports of sleeping sickness in East Kildonan horses.

June 1938 – The John Black Tennis Club is given permission to use water for their tennis courts on payment of a deposit of \$3.75.

June 1938 – School teachers are to check to see and keep track of their students that appear to be undernourished and report their findings to Council.

June 1938 – Minks escape from a mink farm at 393 Roberta and kill chicks at another resident's chicken coop.

June 1938 – The car allowance for the Chief of Police Coley is to be \$25.00 per month.

June 1938 – Council passes a by-law to keep wood back at least 4 feet away from the sidewalks at woodyards.

June 1938 – More reports of gambling is reported along the riverbank at the Roxy Grounds.

June 1938 – T. Fenn is appointed a Police Constable at a salary of \$100.00 per month.

June 1938 - A police cruiser car is bought for the police department. The chief of police has his car allowance reduced to \$25.00 per month as his own car is needed less for police business. The police department hires another police officer, the full time complement now number 4.

July 1938 – The Radio Oil Company is ordered to pay for sewage costs for the water it puts in the sewer.

July 1938 – The Province reduces the maximum amount that large families can receive on relief in the winter months to \$75.00 per month plus cordwood for heating.

July 1938 - The ditch is deepened on the south side of Greene between Henderson and Brazier.

July 1938 – The 3 Police Constables and the Police Chief are told that if the police car is stolen while it is in their care they will be suspended for a month without pay.

July 1938 – Constable G. J. Russell is to rent 541 Henderson Highway for a rent of \$20.00 per month.

August 1938 – The police car is stolen when the motor is left running. The car is found later that day undamaged, on Munroe Avenue just east of Gateway in front of the water tap. The officer responsible for leaving the motor running is suspended for a month and loses his monthly pay of \$100.00.

August 1938 – Council tells the Provincial Government that 17 men on relief have left for harvest work and 13 others not on relief have also left for harvest work. Council also tells the Government that 20 men are out of East Kildonan on roadwork.

August 1938 – Widespread gambling and drinking is reporting on the riverbanks and certain streets.

August 1938 – Council is to rent 522 Jamison for \$12.00 per month.

September 1938 – Four badges numbers are bought for the police department at a cost of 50 cents each.

September 1938 – Minks escape from a fur farm at 486 Roberta and are seen down by the river.

September 1938 – The food allowance for relief recipients is cut 5 cents per person every 2 weeks.

October 1938 – Area residents complain about a cow on Linden Avenue that makes too much noise at the same time every day.

October 1938 – Two teachers are caught speeding on Henderson Highway at 31 mph and are only given a warning. Other area residents complain they are getting special treatment. One resident claims teachers are making too much money if they can afford such high-speed roadsters.

October 1938 – The East Kildonan Lawn Bowling Club at Helmsdale and Henderson loses its property for non-payment of taxes. One of the members buys the land himself and keeps the club in operation.

October 1938 – A water tap is put in opposite 312 Linden.

October 1938 – The East Kildonan Municipal Offices moves from 206 to 204 in the Chamber of Commerce Building on Princess Avenue in Winnipeg. The Municipality of Old Kildonan move into their old offices.

October 1938 – St Stephen's Church is allowed to erect a church notice board at the corner of Helmsdale and Henderson.

October 1938 – It is reported that some families burned 8 cords of poplar during the last winter. Some relief recipients ask for a better quality of wood.

October 1938 – The four coal dealers in East Kildonan want the municipal business divided up more evenly.

October 1938 – Complaints reach council about the poor quality of water from the well opposite 479 Oakview.

October 1938 – A water tap is approved for Montrose Avenue East.

November 1938 – A ice rink is built just north of Polson School. The rink is for the students from East Kildonan Collegiate who occupy the 2 classrooms in the Polson School Annex who build and maintain it

November 1938 – East Kildonan's Equalized Assessment is set at \$2,441,000.00 for the years 1939 and 1940.

November 1938 – There are more complaints about the smell from the 3 mink farms on the 300 and 400 blocks of Roberta. Residents also complain about the frequency that the minks are escaping.

November 1938 – Permission is given to Mr. T. H. Donald to fence in 50 feet of frontage adjoining 305 Bronx for a bird sanctuary.

November 1938 – Those on relief are paid 75 cents for cutting a cord of wood.

December 1938 – The Hanel Woodyard is removed from the corner of Munroe and Watt.

December 1938 – Mink farms are approved for
Mr. Swaffer – 393 Roberta
Knut Schmede – 372 Roberta
L. C. Kolkhowen – 401 Roberta
Donald McIvor – 390 Leighton

December 1938 – Mr. Thomas Sotham complains about the Swaffer mink farm at 393 Roberta.

January 1939 – Reeve W. P. Larsen, Councillors T. Sorley, G. Suttie, S. D. Brown and H. Payne

January 1939 – Total Tax Collections
1938 - \$219,521.06
1937 - \$237,193.94

January 1939 – The Municipal Commissioner's levy is set at \$4,800.71 for 1939.

January 1939 – The Imperial Bank is asked for a temporary credit of \$20,000.00.

January 1939 – Residents of East Kildonan can pay their water and sewage charges bills at

1. H. Booker – 473 Henderson
2. F. Benderski – 498 Jamison
3. W. Anderson and Company – 770 Moncton
4. S. Batt – 393 Henderson

January 1939 – Fuel dealers are advised that the cutting of wood for relief recipients must be discontinued. Those on relief must pay 75 cents for cutting or else do the cutting themselves.

The price of firewood for relief purposes

Poplar - \$4.50 per cord

Pine - \$5.25 per cord

Tamarac - \$6.50 per cord

January 1939 – The Radio Oil Refinery is ordered to put a water meter on its well so East Kildonan will know how much water it is putting into the sewer system.

January 1939 – Council wants unlicensed dealers stopped from delivering fuel in East Kildonan.

January 1939 – Crossing signs are placed on the C.P.R. tracks on the crossings at Bird's Hill Road and Munroe Avenue.

January 1939 – The police cruiser is damaged in an accident with a streetcar and is out of action for a week. The streetcar driver is found to be responsible for the accident and the Winnipeg Electric Company pays for the repairs.

February 1939 – Complaints reach council about large dogs running at large in East Kildonan.

February 1939 – The East Kildonan School District sets its budget as \$99,500.00, the amount of the needed School Levy is set at \$84,800.00.

February 1939 – The relief budget is set at \$125,000.00 for 1939.

February 1939 – A new East Kildonan Child Welfare Committee is formed, the members are

Mr. H. A. Leigh

Mr. J. W. Battershill

Dr. Charles H. A. Walton

Mr. C. J. McLeod – 157 Oakview

Rev. F. J. Ison – 225 Trent

Mrs. C. E. Liddiard – 151 Oakview

Mrs. M. Liadfield – 511 Gateway

Mrs. George Porteous – 238 Winterton

Mrs. R. Gavin – 20 Noble

February 1939 – Mill Rate

General Municipal – 30.0 Mills

General Debentures – 3.26 Mills

Municipal Commissioner's levy – 1.64 Mills

Greater Winnipeg Water District – 15.9 Mills

Street Lighting Ward One - .92 Mills

Street Lighting Ward Three - .74 Mills

Street Lighting Ward Three – 2.9 Mills

Municipal Watermain District – 1.2 Mills

Sewer District 1 – 4.6 Mills

Sewer District 2 – 5.7 Mills

School Levy – 29.0 Mills

February 1939 – The summer cottage at 862 Kildonan Drive is to be rented for \$80.00 for the season.

February 1939 - Bootlegging in East Kildonan is checked into, as a young child is reported to be drunk at the ice rink on Jamison.

February 1939 – Brazier residents complain that Brazier is becoming a speedway. The speed limits on Henderson Highway are raised to 30mph for cars and 25mph for trucks. Council believes that higher speed limits on Henderson will stop drivers from speeding on Brazier.

February 1939 – A resident of the 200 block of Oakview is illegally keeping a goat on his property.

February 1939 – Council dictates that no boxcars may be brought into East Kildonan without prior permission of Council.

February 1939 – Graveling of the following streets are advertised as a local improvement.

1. Montrose from Henderson to Brazier
2. Bowman from Henderson to Watt
3. Jamison from the lane east of Henderson to Watt
4. Donalda the entire length
5. Trent from Brazier to Watt
6. Neil from Henderson to Brazier
7. Munroe from Gateway to Grey
8. Oakview from Henderson to Kildonan Drive
9. Hazel dell from Henderson to Woodland
10. Linden from Henderson to Woodland
11. Leighton from Henderson to Woodland
12. Leighton from Henderson to Brazier

February 1939 – Council recommends that all horses be vaccinated for sleeping sickness.

February 1939 – A toboggan slide is built on the riverbank at the foot of Donalda.

March 1939 – East Kildonan signs an agreement with the City of Winnipeg over Winnipeg's fire department coming to the aid of East Kildonan.

March 1939 – Council endorses a West Kildonan resolution asking the Federal Government to embargo any products to Japan that may be used for war.

March 1939 – The Greater Winnipeg Water District levy is set at \$10,998.38 for 1939.

March 1939 – The rent charged for a relief recipient at 401 Roberta is set at \$13.50 per month.

March 1939 – The Morse Place Bombers are given to put a boxcar on the site of the Morse Place Community rink.

March 1939 – The fire truck is damaged in a collision with a truck from Canadian Pacific Express Company. The Express Company pays for the damage done to the fire truck.

April 1939 – Council requests better delivery and pick up service from the post office for Morse Place.

April 1939 – Gravel is to be purchased from the Greater Winnipeg Water District for 75 cents per cubic yard. Local trucks are to haul this gravel for 32.5 cents per cubic yard.

April 1939 – The East Kildonan British Rugby Football Club is granted permission to use Bronx Park for the 1939 season.

April 1939 – There is a proposal to remove the front part of the Scottish Hall on Melrose (Kimberly) and convert the rest of the building into 5 suites and a janitor's quarters. The Western Life Assurance Company has acquired the Scottish Hall through mortgage proceedings. The company places a value of \$3,000.00 on the building but the book value is \$8,000.00.

April 1939 – The lumber from the Buccaneer's rink is stolen.

April 1939 – There are complaints about the dog kennel located at 473 Greene.

April 1939 – Watt St. is gravelled from Munroe to Trent. Brazier is gravelled from Melbourne to Melrose.

April 1939 – A fish and chip store is established at 501 Bowman.

April 1939 – The summer cottage at 864 Kildonan Drive is to be rented for \$100.00 for the season.

April 1939 – Reeve Larsen and Councillor Payne are to represent East Kildonan at the reception for King George VI and Queen Elizabeth on May 24 1939.

May 1939 – Arbour Day May 8 1939 is a holiday for office staff of the works department.

May 1939 – The East Kildonan School Board is asked by council to tell students that the setting of prairie and bush fires can be dangerous to the community.

May 1939 – The Imperial Bank grants East Kildonan a line of credit of \$75,000.00 for 1939.

May 1939 – Dr. R. T. Robinson is appointed the Medical Health Officer for the balance of 1939 replacing Dr. C. H. A. Walton.

May 1939 – A monthly car allowance of \$5.00 is given to the Public Health Nurse Miss Francis Kins.

May 1939 – Oil is spread on Oakview Avenue west of Henderson Highway to keep down the dust at the resident's expense.

May 1939 – Many requests come in to council to use the picnic grounds at Fraser's Grove Park.

May 1939 – Oil is spread on Hazel dell west of Henderson Highway at the resident's expense.

May 1939 – A water tap is established on Oakview Avenue between Brazier and Roch.

May 1939 – The Midget Baseball Club is to see its grounds graded at Brazier and Munroe and Council loans it wood for a backstop.

May 1939 – Mr. B. A. Koper is placed on the list of regular employees.

June 1939 – The Olympian Athletic Club reports that a considerable amount of lumber poles and wires have been stolen from the Roxy Grounds. The club also claims that as many as 100 people are playing craps on the riverbank on Sundays. It reports that hundreds of dollars are changing hands, some people have lost \$50.00 in one night. Residents ask that the RCMP be brought in to deal with the problem or else the citizens will take action themselves.

June 1939 – The fire department buys 300 feet of new hose.

June 1939 – Mrs. Kwasnicki of 670 Linden is given permission south of their land for a chicken run.

June 1939 – City of Winnipeg Hydro reports vandalism to their power and transmission lines in East Kildonan.

June 1939 – The Kildonan Canning Company tells Council that it has 65 residents of East Kildonan working at their plant.

June 1939 – A proposal comes to Council to build a hotel at the northeast corner of Henderson and Bowman. The plans call for a 2-storey building of 32 feet by 62 feet with 14-15 rooms costing \$20,000.00.

June 1939 – Mr. F. Simmons represents the East Kildonan Lawn Bowling Club asks Council to remit the taxes on the property. Mr. Simmons had purchased the property himself to prevent the property being lost in tax sales.

June 1939 – The mink farm at 393 Roberta is ordered to be removed after many complaints of smelly pens and escaping minks killing neighbouring chicks.

June 1939 – Linden House is to be rented for \$25.00 per month with an option to purchase for \$5,000.00.

June 1939 – Kildonan Drive is gravelled 400 feet north from Canterbury Place.

June 1939 – A trailer hot dog stand is established at Washington and Henderson.

July 1939 – A woman is removed from relief in the 300 block of Hazel dell because she is living in a immoral relationship with a man who is not her husband or a male relative.

July 1939 – The pump is removed from the well on Oakview Avenue between Roch and Brazier because all the residents have keys to the water tap in the same block.

July 1939 – Council offers 704 Fleming is offered for sale for \$650.00 cash.

July 1939 – A resident is given permission to collect dead wood on all municipal land north of Greene Avenue.

July 1939 – The score boards on the Roxy and Morse Place baseball grounds are moved so the crowds can see them.

July 1939 – It is reported that people on the 200 block of Donalds are getting sick because of the water coming into their homes from the watermains. East Kildonan provides bottled water to the residents and builds a hydrant so they can flush out the watermains.

July 1939 – The public well at 294 McLeod is shut down because the water is polluted by a leaking septic tank.

July 1939 – The police cruiser is involved in another accident.

August 1939 – East Kildonan buys a new fire truck from the International Harvester Company for \$3000.00.

August 1939 – Mrs. F. Levar of 430 Dunrobin complains that the taxes on her house are too high, as they are \$83.00 per year.

August 1939 – The East Kildonan Lawn Bowling Club has 28 women and 32 men who are members.

August 1939 – A traffic count on Henderson Highway on a Sunday reveals 6500 cars in a 24-hour period.

August 1939 – Messrs. Dowhan, Benderski, Kruppener, Lakey, Williams, Booker and Oberik want the by-law that closes all grocery stores and butcher shops on Wednesdays except for December to include stores selling confectionery and soft drink products. They want a fine of \$50.00 to be instituted for those who break the by-law.

August 1939 – Council is to rent
660 Linden for \$6.00 per month
451 Trent for \$13.50 per month
76 Leighton for \$22.50 per month
6 Hughson for \$12.00 per month
141 Rossmere Avenue for \$20.00 per month

September 1939 – The creek crossing McLeod Avenue is reported to be in an unsanitary condition.

September 1939 – The rental charge for the summer cottage for 860 Kildonan Drive is reduced to \$75.00 for the 1939 season.

September 1939 – There are reports of people shooting craps on Watt St. in the vicinity of Kisil's store.

September 1939 – There are many reports of nuisance wild rabbits in East Kildonan.

October 1939 – The price of poplar is \$5.50 per cord plus 75 cents for cutting.

October 1939 – A 1940 Henderson Directory is to be purchased for \$20.00.

October 1939 – Burglars attempt to break into the Municipal Offices in the Chamber of Commerce Building in Downtown Winnipeg.

October 1939 – It is reported that the sidewalk around the letterboxes at 809 Henderson is in a very bad condition.

October 1939 – St Alphonsus Church is given notice that its property could be sold for non-payment of taxes. The Church has paid \$25,000.00 in taxes since the Church opened in 1914. The total mortgages on the Church properties come to \$57,800.00.

St. Alphonsus School will close if East Kildonan takes title to the property. Father McCullough tells council that Catholics can not send their children to public schools because it is impossible for them to separate religion and education. The average cost of educating the 125 children at the school is \$60.00 to \$80.00 per year and 95% of the students graduate from Grade 8.

October 1939 – Jamison Avenue Athletic Club establishes a rink on the north side of Jamison between Roch and Brazier.

October 1939 – Council is to sell 660 Hoskin for \$200.00 cash and is to rent
126 Roberta for \$5.00 per month
305 Leighton for \$14.00 per month
656 Linden for \$8.00 per month
171 Bronx for \$20.00 per month

November 1939 – An ice rink is established in the 200 block of Chelsea, it is 185 feet by 95 feet, the sideboards are 4 feet high on the sides and 15 feet high at the ends.

November 1939 – The ice rink located between 224 and 240 Melbourne is to be flooded once again this year.

November 1939 – The membership fee for the Winnipeg Suburban Association is \$7.50 per day.

November 1939 – The taxes on 375 Washington, which Council rents for \$22.00 per month, are \$97.00 per year.

November 1939 – Council offers 619 Munroe for sale for \$250.00 cash.

November 1939 – A small ice rink is to be built on Moncton.

November 1939 – Mr. Masterton who opens a filling station and fuel business at Roberta and Henderson asks for a share of the municipal business.

December 1939 – A special Christmas voucher is given for those on relief.

Family of 1 - \$1.00
Family of 2 - \$2.00
Family of 3 - \$2.75
Family of 4 - \$3.50
Family of 5 - \$4.25
Family of 6 - \$5.00
Family of 7 - \$6.00
Family of 8 - \$7.00
Family of 9 - \$8.00
Family of 10 - \$9.00